

THE STANDARD
Has twice as large a
circulation as any other
paper in Chelsea.

The Chelsea Standard.

THE STANDARD
Is the paper that the
people read. Adver-
tisers, take notice.

VOL. VII. NO. 20.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1895.

WHOLE NUMBER 332

NEW GOODS.

25 pieces new Plisse, or Crinkle Albatros, worth 12-1-2 cents, this week

6CENTS

25 pieces new Crepe Grenapines, printed light colored cotton wash goods, very pretty, 34 inches wide, were 15 cents, this week

9CENTS

100 pieces of best quality new Fall Prints just arrived. Fall price will be 7 cents, this week

5CENTS

CLOTHING.

(Special)

100 pairs Pants, were \$1.50, now only \$1.12 1-2.
(New Goods)

H.S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns, Delineators, Metropolitans, Etc.

C. E. WHITAKER.

I am going to offer you some special bargains in

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

John Deere Cultivators,
Iron Edge Cultivators,
Spring Tooth Harrows,
Thomas Hay Rakes,
Thomas Hay Tedders,
McCormick and Buckeye
Mowers and Binders,

which I will sell lower than the same goods have ever been offered for before. A full line of hardware at low prices.

C. E. WHITAKER.

WHEAT UP FOUR CENTS.

WHEAT SCARCE ONLY IN MICHIGAN AND INDIANA.

Market Report—Some Peculiarities of German Day—Detroit Pension Office Statistics—Standard Dictionary—Other Items of Interest.

Market.

The market the past week was dull and nothing doing until the gamblers got up a little excitement on Wednesday and pushed the price of wheat up 4c. It would bring 70c here for red or white. The crop is reported as an average crop everywhere except Michigan and Indiana. It will not go as high as some are talking, but will not go down to 50c as it did last year. There is plenty of wheat for all demands and there will be a surplus to carry over to the new crop next July. The unusual local shortage in Michigan causes people here to be misled as to the general situation the world over which fixes prices. Wheat threshing is going on now and turns out well to the straw but very poor to the acre. The quality is fair: Rye turns out well and brings 43c. In this market. Barley is yet nominal and will bring about 90c. per hundred. Oats are a fair crop and have fallen off so that 28c. is high enough for them here. Potatoes come slowly at \$1. per bushel. Huckleberries are a short crop and bring 8c. per quart. Beans are nominal at \$1.65. Good butter is scarce and worth 15c. but there is plenty of poor that is dear at any price. Eggs 10c. Arrivals of produce are very light and will be for some time yet.

Some Peculiarities of German Day.

According to the posters which are out for German Day which will be celebrated this year in Ypsilanti, August 22, it will be a peculiar celebration for Germans. It will be a regular speech making day and that, too, in English. Mayor Wells, John P. Kirk and James Gorman will orate in English, and L. J. Liesmer will wind up with a short address in his mother tongue. Mr. Liesmer's speech will perhaps be the only one some of those present can understand.

There is another thing which it is rumored will put a peculiar aspect to the celebration, and that is those who are thirsty will be compelled to go to the well or drink out of a circus lemonade barrel.—Washtenaw Times.

Detroit Pension Office Statistics.

At the beginning of the fiscal year which ended June 30, 1895, the Detroit pension office had 45,014 pensioners on the roll. During this year 1281 names were dropped, as follows: Deaths 897; widows remarried, 46; guardian cases, 56; pensions not claimed in three years, 52; dropped for other causes, 113; transferred to other agencies, 117. There were added during the year: Original pensions 1,475; restorations and renewals, 47; transferred from other agencies, 57; a total of 1,579, or a gain over the losses of 298, making the number of pensions 45,312 at the beginning of the present fiscal year. During the year a total of \$6,994,475.22 was disbursed by the Detroit pension office.

Funk & Wagnalls' Standard Dictionary.

The vocabulary contains 301,895 terms, which is the resultant after the rigorous application of the rules of exclusion applied on the nearly a half-million words actually collected in the preliminary vocabulary. The Standard surpasses the Century by 76,000, and Webster's International by 176,000 terms.

Initial capitals are here given for the first time in any single-volume dictionary by using capitals only with proper names or proper terms derived from them.

Syllabication is most conveniently designated by the single hyphen (-), so as clearly to distinguish such from compound words, which are invariably indicated by double German hyphen. The value of this device will readily be perceived on using the book.

The spelling of this work is conservative, and yet aggressively positive along the lines of reform agreed upon almost unanimously by all the leading philologists of England and America. It notes the preferences of each of the leading dictionaries where they do vary, so the difference can be instantly seen; while the spellings peculiar to Great Britain are preserved. All disputed spellings and pronunciations were referred to a select committee of over fifty leading authorities in English, Canadian, Australian, East Indian, and American universities. In the Appendix, the tally of over 170,000 votes, or preferences, are recorded, showing the individual preference of each member of the committee on each word submitted. Whoever has occasion to differ with the preference of the editor will find this dictionary furnishes the convenient data for the disputant to form his adverse, or favoring conclusions.

For pronunciation each word is respelled with the scientific Alphabet. This insures the highest possible accuracy with the greatest simplicity that the combined ingenuity of the American Philological Association, in harmony with the accepted principles of the Philological Society of England, was able to devise. By this clear and unmistakable method, both a native and the intelligent foreigner can correctly pronounce each English word at sight. As to disputed pronunciations the same remarks as above on spellings apply.

The dictionary system of this work is unique. A scientific system is introduced that enables the student to consider words in their true relation to all kindred subjects. By this system a word of any science or art furnishes a clue by which one may easily trace the subject, backward or forward, in all its branches, and when so collected, their definitions and unfoldings may be found to furnish a comprehensive and harmonious exposition of that entire subject, in accordance with the latest and best scientific light. Such a system has never before been attempted in an English dictionary.

The definitions are distinguished, viz.: Nothing intervenes between the vocabulary term and the definition. The etymology is placed after the definition. Where there are two or more meanings of a word, the most common meaning is given first. The "order of usage" is given in preference to the "historical order." The convenience of this feature will be appreciated more and more as the work is used. Definitive statement is the important factor of the definitions in this work. The crude and loose method of using synonymous words is avoided. All the terms of any art, creed, handicraft, or science were submitted to scholars particularly qualified for such special work. For the first time in the history of the art, this dictionary as a matter of simple justice and common fairness, had a representative of the Catholic Church and of each of the Protestant denominations define the terms peculiar to each. This one feature as to creeds is typical of the work as a whole. The entire range of human knowledge was accordingly considered, and the result is a dictionary that stands alone; beyond comparison; unrivaled as a defining dictionary. Quotations are more modern; old "stock quotations" were avoided; and to enable the student to verify and consult the context, the very line or chapter, page or edition of the book from which a quotation is taken, is given. A feature never before heard of in a dictionary. Over 10,000 volumes were read for quotations. The 5,000 illustrations are given expressly to aid in definitions. They were especially drawn by our own artists and many of them are in colors, which are gems of art. An ingenious system of tables is incorporated with the definition, each under the proper vocabulary term, expressly for definitive purposes; giving definition never before attempted or even thought of. As collateral aids in defining and word finding, words peculiar to an art or handicraft are given along with the definitions. Thus under architecture are given all the terms peculiar to the art; under carpenter are given the terms peculiar to the handicraft.

The etymology is placed after the definition, and the name of Prof. F. A. March is sufficient for all that might be said under this head.

The compounding of words is for the first time reduced to practical system and consistently carried out in the work.

Synonyms are illustrated to an extent never before found in a dictionary. A cursory inspection of the book will show at once a superiority not to be found in any other.

Antonyms are given for the first time in a dictionary. For writers this is a convenience second to none in this work.

As a rhetoric this dictionary is invaluable. The correct use of each of the propositions is plainly given under its proper vocabulary place, and a department of faulty diction has been characterized as the practical grammar of the XX century.

The appendix of 47,468 proper names in biography, history, mythology, fiction, the Bible, the classics, etc., are given all in one alphabetical order. This affords a convenience so obvious that "the wonder is that no one ever discovered it before" as a Reviewer puts it.

The Fuller Book Co., of Kalamazoo are state agents for the Standard Dictionary published by Funk & Wagnalls.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Special Correspondence

The prospects of the Nicaragua Canal in the next congress are bright. It seems to be the general impression that the commissioners sent by Mr. Cleveland to Nicaragua to survey and report upon the canal will take a favorable view of the enterprise. The next question, therefore, relates to the probable attitude of England in the event of congressional action looking to a prosecution and com-

pletion of the work under national auspices. It is believed by many thoughtful and shrewd observers of recent events in Nicaragua that Great Britain in preparing to obstruct and, if need be, to contest our exclusive ownership and control of the projected canal. So far as right can be conferred by a precedent, England unquestionably has the right henceforth to occupy Corinto, or Bluefields, or any other point in Central America whenever she chooses to set up a grievance. Whether the United States government would recognize and defer to such an argument remains to be seen. It must be evident, that in case the British argument prevailed we should find it extremely difficult to construct a canal through Nicaragua with England occupying its territory and making and enforcing demands upon its resources. The situation, with the partial eclipse of the Monroe doctrine, increases the interest attaching to the commission's forthcoming report and invests Nicaragua with possibilities of special gravity and moment.

An old topic has been revived through the recommendation by Col. John M. Wilson, the superintendent of public buildings and grounds, of an appropriation of \$250,000 for the erection, within the executive mansion grounds, of a granite structure for offices for the nation's chief executive. Propositions of this nature have been made frequently of late years. One of these was to add two wings to the present structure. Then an effort was made to have the entire executive mansion used office purposes, the presidential residence to be somewhere without the present city limits. But the necessity has never excited congress to action. It may be that the coming new congress will take cognizance of a condition that is not at all credible to the country and will provide a suitable residence for the chief magistrate far apart from the offices in which official business is daily transacted. A clever architect might succeed in making it plain to the public that the present structure could be added to without disastrous effects from an aesthetic standpoint. Something will surely have to be done in this matter in the near future, but the people can rest assured that the law will not allow an aspiring political draughtsman to attach a guided gingerbread palace to the pleasing harmony of the classic mansion where the president now has a combination domestic and official residence.

The latest news from the bimetallic league is that it intends to be the first in the field with a presidential ticket and with a national platform. The time for the taking of this action may be as early as next winter. It may not be until next spring. But, in any event, some time before the two old parties meet and declare themselves, the league with its champions up and its colors flying, will be ready to do business. The purpose at one time was to wait until the old parties had acted. There was talk of a probable bolt from each of them, and the bolters were to be conferred with both as to a platform and a ticket. But this plan has been rejected. It would delay matters too long. The present plan, therefore, calls for earlier action, and so early that seceders from either of the old parties, dissatisfied with the old associations, may find a camp already organized to receive them. Upon whom is this league nomination likely to be bestowed? Mr. Sibley's name has, the silver men say, in an informal canvass of several months, awakened no enthusiasm. The demand seems to be for a man of more national force, and Senator Jones of Nevada is now prominently mentioned.

Society in Washington has wheels—I don't refer to the wheels in their heads, but the bicycle "fad." The wheel has evidently come to stay with the smart set at the capital. It has been the most conspicuous feature of amusement this spring and summer. The unbroken stretch of smooth streets has made Washington the most popular city in the country for bicycling. The girls of the West End early secured wheels took lessons and practiced whenever they found an opportunity. Some wore bloomers and some didn't, and now the bicycle is so essential to fashionable existence that the majority of the stay-at-homes of Vanity Fair may be seen whirling over the streets of the West End or the country roads every pleasant afternoon. Mrs. Truxton Beale, a daughter of Blaine, rides in a suit of dust colored cloth, with leggings and hat to match. Miss Kate Brice, a daughter of Senator Brice, was one of the first to take up the fad. Miss Cameron, a daughter of Senator Cameron is an earnest devotee, and takes a brisk spin every day on her wheel, in a most fetching Parisian costume of blue serge. The enthusiasts are also largely represented in diplomatic circles. The daughters of the British minister ride well and can outdo many of the American girls in the long stretch miles. The Princess Cantacuzene, daughter of the Russian minister, is a familiar figure gracefully mounted on a bike. Miss VonSaurma, daughter of the new German ambassador is also greatly admired when spinning over the thoroughfares of the city. It is said that next season it will be the correct thing for everyone to wheel to the afternoon parties; one of the fairest of maids near Dupont Circle frequently shops now in her bicycle suit, leaving the wheel near the entrance of the shop, in care of a similarly mounted groom.

We sell the Best

MASON'S PATENT FRUIT JARS

ever offered for sale in Chelsea, put up in fine shape. We break packages. They cost no more than the cheap jars that some others are selling. Every one is warranted to be perfect.

2-qt Jars, complete, \$1.10 doz.
1-qt " " 90c "
1-pt " " 75c "

OUR HEADACHE POWDERS
are sure to cure.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

R. McCOLGAN,
Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur
Office and residence second door
south of South street, on Main.
Office hours 9 to 6 p. m.
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. A. CONLAN,
DENTIST.
Office over Glazier's Drug Store.
CHELSEA, MICH.

D. R. BUELL,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.
Office in Hatch & Durand building.
Office hours—8 to 12, a. m.
2 to 6, p. m.
CHELSEA, MICH.

OPERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND
Ceramic Dentistry in all their
branches. Teeth examined and advice
given free. Special attention given to
children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and
local anesthetics used in extracting,
permanently located.
H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.
Office over Kempf Bros' Bank

GEO. W. TURNBULL
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Pensions and patents obtained. None
but legal fees charged.
Money placed and loaned on good
security.

FRANK SHAVER,
Proprietor of The "City" Barber
Shop. In the new Babcock Building
Main street.
CHELSEA, MICH.

W. S. HAMILTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary
College. Registered member of the
Ont. Vet. Med. Association. Office
on corner of Summit and East streets,
CHELSEA, MICH.

MISS WALLACE,
DRESSMAKER.
Rooms upstairs in McKee Block.
Chelsea, Mich.

All For Three Dollars
The Shoes and the Insurance
The Lewis Accident Insurance
Shoes for men, \$3.00
For full particulars
call on R. A. SNYDER.

R.I.P.A.N.S

ONE GIVES RELIEF.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

TO TALK TO MONKEYS.

GARNER FINDS CASH BACKERS IN CHICAGO.

British Dark Lord Missing—Romantic Celebration in a Massachusetts Town—Horsewhip for a Trifling Husband—Judge Goff's Decision.

Will Pursue His Simian Studies.
Prof. Garner will be sent back into the wilds of Africa with his iron cage to learn more of the language of apes. A company including Prof. S. H. Peabody, of the University of Chicago, will donate the funds necessary to the expedition in the interest of science. Prof. Garner will take his departure for the jungles as soon as preparations which are in progress have been effected. A luncheon was given in his honor at the Union League Club, when he took the opportunity of speaking of his plans before those who are interested and backing the trip. It is said that \$12,000 has been subscribed and that unlimited support will be afforded the Professor.

Old Town Celebrates.
The 250th anniversary of the foundation of Manchester-by-the-Sea, Mass., was celebrated Thursday. Crowds of people thronged the streets. The feature of the day was the representation of the landing of Governor Winthrop and party in 1645. The ship *Arabella* was seen coming up the harbor and was greeted by a salute by the Waltham battery. Assembled at the landing place were 150 people dressed in Indian costume. Governor Winthrop was impersonated by R. H. Dana. The party was conducted to the arena, where the "pipe of peace" was smoked. A war dance followed. A representation of the Boston tea party was a feature of the historical parade in the afternoon. The entire celebration was a great success.

Angry and Jealous Better Half.
Edward Larue, a barber at Oakland, Cal., was whipped by his angry wife in the presence of a large crowd of people. Larue was sauntering up Broadway and was pursued by his wife and her sister, who supposed that he had a meeting with a woman. Mrs. Larue thought she saw her husband going to speak to a woman, so she drew out a horsewhip from the folds of her dress and made a rush for him. The sister acted as a second to the wife and kept shouting, "Give it to him! Give it to him!" The appearance of the police saved Larue from a worse whipping than he received.

Given Up for Lost.
The British bark *Florence*, which left Newcastle, Australia, on Jan. 26 for Panama, has not yet reached her destination, and she has been given up as lost. Nothing has been heard of her since she sailed from the colonial port and a month ago reinsurance was freely offered at 90 per cent. She was a stanch iron vessel of about 1,500 tons burden and was in command of Capt. Higgins. She should have made the voyage by the last of April and now she is posted as three months overdue. She was loaded with Australian coal.

Stambouloff Is Dead.
M. Stambouloff died at Sofia, Bulgaria, Thursday morning, not having uttered a word since the death struggle began. Symptoms of cerebral affection developed at that time and he rapidly sunk into comatose state. The ex-premier was attacked by assassins Monday evening, while returning from the Union Club. He received several knife wounds about the head and both of his arms were so badly cut that amputation was necessary. His left eye was gouged out and his right one so severely injured that he was blind.

Robbed and Deserted.
Miss Sarah Mead, 32 years old, a former school teacher of Greenwich, Conn., who met Dr. J. L. Walker, of Des Moines, Iowa, in Kansas City by appointment on June 5 and was married to him on the same day in Kansas City, Kan., has discovered that her husband is false and that she has been the victim of a most cruel desertion. Her husband has left her and, worse still, he has taken her gold watch and \$1,200 in money, leaving her more than 1,500 miles from home with only \$10.

Cigarette Tax Illegal.
Judge Nathan Goff, of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, at Martinsburg, W. Va., decided that the law of the State of West Virginia imposing a tax of \$500 a year on every dealer selling cigarettes, contravened the interstate commerce law when the cigarettes were imported from another State into West Virginia, and was, therefore, inoperative. This decision will affect similar laws in other States unless reversed by the higher court.

NEWS NUGGETS.

The Assembly of Montevideo has voted \$2,000,000 to increase the numbers and efficiency of the army, which will be raised by fresh taxation. This step has been taken in view of the alleged troubles between Chili and Argentina.

At Syracuse, N. Y., Maj. T. L. Poole denied the report that Gen. Harrison had said to Joseph I. Sayles and himself that he would under no circumstances be a candidate for the Presidency. Maj. Poole said: "The report is made absolutely out of whole cloth. Mr. Harrison never spoke or even hinted at such a matter. The truth is that he did not speak upon the matter directly or indirectly. You cannot say too strongly that not one word was said by Mr. Harrison that could be construed into an allusion in any way to his position in regard to his possible candidacy for President."

John Goode and William Freeman, two negroes, were hanged in the Greensburg (Pa.) courtyard. Goode killed Max Slaughter, a fellow co-worker, over a game of "craps." He maintained all along that he shot in self-defense. Freeman shot and killed his mistress, Gertrude Timberlake, on July 25, 1894, because she refused to give him money.

The London Times has a long telegram from Havana, which says that Government troops continue inactive, alleging that they have an order to act only on the defensive. The troops are suffering from yellow fever and other diseases.

EASTERN.

Stephen Webb, colored, shot and killed Emma Harris, 20, at Baltimore, Md. New York Naval Veterans are planning for a naval parade on next Memorial day.

The Improved Order of Knights of Pythias adjourned in Detroit to meet in Baltimore in September, 1897.

The New York City directory for this year contains 390,128 names, an increase over last year of 11,717.

William G. Meyers, of Philadelphia, has been elected Grand Exalter Ruler of the Grand Lodge of Elks at Atlantic City, N. J.

The Hubbard House and other buildings in the business section of Clayton, N. Y., were burned; loss about \$75,000. There were forty guests in the Hubbard House, all of whom escaped.

The furniture of Mrs. Katharine Chase, daughter of the late chief justice, and former wife of the late Senator Sprague, of Rhode Island, has been seized for debt and is about to be disposed of at auction in Washington.

Rev. Dr. F. Ernest Hauser, who for eight years had been professor of Hebrew in the German Presbyterian Theological Seminary in Bloomfield, N. J., has been deposed from his position and from the ministry and expelled from the church for bigamy.

Cadet Roberts, a member of the "plebe" class at West Point, is said to have been so badly hazed a few days ago that he fainted. Cadets Robert Jayne Moxey and Wallace Bryan Seales were placed under arrest, charged with being the offenders.

Maria Barberi, who murdered her lover, Dominico Cataldo, at New York, because he abandoned her, was found guilty of murder in the first degree, and will, if the verdict is allowed to stand, be the first woman condemned to death since the passage of the law making electrocution the death penalty. The case will be taken to the Court of Appeals, and if that court does not order a new trial the Governor will be appealed to to commute the sentence to imprisonment. The Recorder's charge was unfavorable to the defendant. He said in conclusion: "You must exemplify justice by your verdict. A jury has nothing to do with mercy. The law knows no distinction of persons. The law does not hold woman less responsible than man. The female sex is sometimes used as a cloak for most horrible crimes."

WESTERN.

Lena Groh and Stella Schlaudecker, young girls of Cleveland, Ohio, were run down and killed by an electric motor.

A bill for a receiver of the Hotel Richelieu, Chicago, was filed in the Superior Court by H. V. Bemis, proprietor of the hotel. Judge Payne appointed William C. Huginin. The bond was fixed at \$25,000, which was furnished.

It was developed in court at Cincinnati that W. D. Bender, who is in a sanitarium, had some weeks ago actually burned up \$45,000 in cash and \$13,250 in United States bonds. Some weeks ago Bender became ill and is now partially insane.

Mrs. N. K. Fairbank, wife of the well-known Chicago capitalist, died at her home at 11 o'clock Monday morning. She had been suffering from peritonitis for several weeks and underwent an operation a month ago, which proved unavailing to save her life.

The Indiana Association of Veterinary Graduates closed a two days' semi-annual meeting at Marion, Ind., and the delegates assembled in the Commercial Club cafe, where thirteen sat down to a banquet of horseshoes. There were porterhouse steaks, boiled meats, roasts and stews.

The controversy over the leasing of Indian lands on the Omaha and Winnebago reservation took a new turn when the District Court enjoined the Indians' agent, Beck, from making further evictions. It is not believed Beck will obey the injunction and more trouble may follow.

Tired of life and disgusted with threatened divorce proceedings, Peter Haser tried to kill his wife Monday, and, thinking he had done so, cut his own throat cleanly through with a big sharp knife and his worldly joys and sorrows were forever at end. Haser was a member of a planing mill firm and was quite wealthy. His murderous and suicidal orgy was held at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. His wife will bear several vicious scars as a result of the encounter, but she may discontinue her divorce proceedings, for Haser is well dead. The woman was stabbed several times, but her injuries will not cause her death. Haser cut his throat and died an hour later.

There is a general belief at Butte, Neb., that a party of rustlers captured by the vigilantes Sunday have been lynched. The men captured were: Louis Zouland, a resident of Spencer, Neb.; S. C. Clark, C. S. Murphy and C. H. Jackson, who lived west of Spring View. Nearly one hundred head of cattle were found. But few citizens think the rustlers reached Spring View, as the vigilantes are old ranchers and seldom bring a rustler back when they have a good chance to make away with him. Others believe that because of the publicity given to the affair the men in charge will not dare to make away with them, but will turn them over to the authorities at Spring View, when other parties will take them from the officers, and they will likely share the usual fate of rustlers.

There was an unusual number of fatalities and serious accidents in and near Chicago Sunday. Seven people were killed in a variety of accidents and several of the nine injured will die as a result of injuries received. The deadly trolley got in its work as usual and helped swell the list of killed and injured. There were one or two suicides and several accidental drownings. Probably the most pathetic of the fatalities was the drowning of two brothers, John and Andrew Lipner, aged 17 and 15 respectively, in Lake Calumet. They went there to catch fish, but, growing tired of the sport, decided to take a swim. While in the water a short distance from their boat one of the boys was taken with a cramp. He called for help and his brother tried to save him. An hour afterward both bodies were recovered tightly clasped in each other's embrace. The boys' mother is prostrated with grief.

Fleming Sarver and wife, of Uniontown, Ind., had an adopted daughter, Dollie Belnap, aged 14. The couple are 60 years old each and well off. The girl has been keeping company with Harry Robins, the son of one of the wealthiest farmers of that section. Saturday morning Mr. and Mrs. Sarver were taken ill. Poison was found in the coffee-pot. It was learned the adopted daughter had purchased a package of the poison a few days before. She finally confessed she

had placed a teaspoonful in the coffee-pot Friday evening. When questioned as to why she committed the crime she produced a letter signed by her lover—Harry Robins—in which he tells her if she would make away with her foster parents she would come into possession of all their property and they could then get married and have "a good old time." Dollie says she took the letter to Josie Derringer, aged 16, and her sister Mary and let them read it, and they advised her to purchase the poison. Mr. Sarver died Monday afternoon. When Mrs. Sarver heard of her husband's death she took a relapse and is not expected to live. Since the death of Mr. Sarver the girl says she did not intend to kill them, but only wanted to give them enough so they would think they would die and make her a deed to their property. She also says she does not believe Robins wrote the letter, but that it was written by the older Derringer girl.

SOUTHERN.

Bob Huggard, a mulatto accused of assault, was taken from the jail at Winchester, Ky., by a mob of 200 men and lynched early Tuesday morning.

The steamer *Ariel*, reported sunk in the James River with a crowd of colored excursionists, arrived safely at Petersburg, Va. It was delayed by the storm.

The Arkansas Supreme Court reversed the decision of the Lower Court and ordered a new trial in the case of State Treasurer Woodruff, who was \$150,000 short in his accounts, and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

A private letter to a New Orleans gentleman from Managua, Nicaragua, contains the following, which is given with every degree of authority: "The concession granted several years ago to the Maritime Canal Company by the Nicaraguan Government for the construction of the Nicaragua Canal is for the second time in great danger of being cancelled, and if annulled will be otherwise disposed of. This second trouble is caused by the promise to build a canal at a point called Tipitapa, which would connect Lake Nicaragua with Lake Managua. When the concession was granted it was agreed that in return for the concession a canal would be built at this point within three years after the beginning of the work on the main line of the Nicaraguan Canal. The time limit placed upon the completion of this waterway expired in October, 1892. As the company has made no steps toward carrying out its contract the Nicaraguan Government threatens to annul the concession, and the threats come in the form of a resolution on the part of the President and his Cabinet, which to all appearance is final."

WASHINGTON.

The Comptroller of the Currency has declared a 10 per cent. dividend in favor of the creditors of the insolvent Evanston (Ill.) National Bank. Also a 10 per cent. dividend to creditors of the Oregon National Bank of Portland, Ore.

The President has issued a proclamation stating that as Spain has extended to American citizens the privileges of copyright as contemplated by our copyright act, Spanish citizens are granted the privileges of American copyright.

Six magnificent steam yachts, such as could be owned only by the lucky possessors of many millions of dollars, will be built by the navy during the current fiscal year, and although they are to be finer than similar vessels of their class, they promise to be all around the most useful ships belonging to the United States Government. By act of Congress, approved March 2, 1895, provision was made for the construction of six light-draft, composite gunboats, the individual constructive limit of cost being \$230,000, exclusive of the cost of armament.

FOREIGN.

A force of 7,000 Japanese troops has left Tsushima to attack the black flag at Tai-Wan-Fu, Formosa. A strong naval force will co-operate with the land force of the Japanese. Reports received from the southern part of Formosa show that all is quiet there.

Yellow fever is increasing alarmingly in the West Indies. The week ending June 29 recorded twenty-eight deaths in Santiago, while there is an average of five deaths daily at Puerto Principe, a city of 45,000 persons. There are 100 cases in the military hospital at San Juan, Island of Porto Rico, and the disease is rapidly increasing.

As soon as payment of the celebrated Mora claim can be made by the Spanish Government and the attorneys for the claimants have deducted their share of the \$1,500,000 which Spain has agreed to pay at once, Antonio Maximo Mora and his son, of Chicago, will divide among themselves what is left of the money. Of the sum to be paid by the Spanish Government 40 per cent. will be given to a syndicate in New York which is composed of the attorneys who have been working in the interests of the claimants.

Peru has answered Bolivia's ultimatum, refusing to accede to the latter's demand for satisfaction. Bolivia's Minister to Peru is said to have asked for his passports. The ultimatum which Bolivia has presented to Peru demanding an answer within twenty-four hours, was based on an alleged insult to the Bolivians by the Peruvians during the latter's war with Chile, in which, it is said, Peru "violated" Bolivian territory. As a matter of fact, however, Bolivia is ambitious to possess a strip of coast on the Pacific, as it did years ago. It believes, if it can provoke a war with Peru, it may with the aid of Ecuador, repossess itself of the Provinces of Tacna and Arica. War will doubtless be declared at once. It may eventually involve Chile, Argentina and Brazil.

The stringent relations of Germany regarding the importation into that country of American products have again been brought to the attention of the Agricultural Department in a report by European Agent John Mattos, Jr., on American evaporated or dried fruits in the German empire. Shippers of these fruits are given warning of the severe restrictions imposed by Germany, which the department views as commercial rather than hygienic, and merely intended to shut out American trade. The report cites a recent court trial at Frankfurt-on-the-Main to determine whether these dried apples or "ring apples" were impure and injurious to public health and subject to seizure under the provisions of the pure food law. Government experts testified that they were sprinkled with a tinge of acetate of zinc to give them a bright color and more inviting appearance. Apples so sprinkled, they claimed, brought on indigestion, dyspepsia, and in children vomiting and diarrhea. The American goods were ordered destroyed as unwholesome. The exporters are advised that if they wish to increase the trade with Germany,

they should be careful not to dry the fruit on zinc grates, but to use grates made of brass. The department officials say they are confident that if any zinc is introduced in the fruits the amount is infinitely small and cannot be injurious. It is denied that the practice exists here of drying fruit on zinc plates, as claimed by Germany, and the warning to discontinue the galvanized iron trays used for drying is intended to do away with the possibility of introducing the zinc, and thus giving opportunity for foreign criticism on that score.

IN GENERAL.

Six lives were lost by a cloudburst in the mountains above Taluapantla, Mexico.

It is not anticipated that the Window Glass Workers' Association will affiliate with the Knights of Labor.

Relatives of persons killed in the collision at Craig's Road, Quebec, have sued the Grand Trunk Railroad for damages exceeding in property loss \$150,000.

The exports from Vancouver Island to the United States for the year ending June 30 amounted to \$2,500,000. The value of coal exported amounted to \$1,000,000, while gold bullion comes next with a total of \$325,000.

The claim of Capt. Lamothe, of Alton, Ill., to the site of the city of London, Ont., which he says was leased in 1798 by an ancestor, only excites ridicule there. There is no such lease as he speaks of in the local archives. The first one on record dates back only to 1820.

James M. Webb, of Brooklyn, has returned from Washington, where he has been trying to secure some of the small arms which are being replaced by the new magazine rifle for use in the army. If the Captain's negotiations with the War Department are successful the condemned rifles will find their way into the hands of the Cuban revolutionists. That is admitted by Webb and the local representatives of the Cubans do not deny it. The Captain says: "It may not surprise our Spanish friends to know that small arms intended for Cuba are being sent out of Brooklyn and New York at the rate of about 5,000 every week. None of the laws of this country is violated by the shippers, but the arms get to the revolutionists in due course, nevertheless."

R. D. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "A business flood so strong and rapid that the conservative fear it may do harm is out of season in July. But the seasons this year lap over and crowd each other. May frosts and drought, it is now evident, kept back much business that would naturally have been finished before midsummer, and the delayed accumulation of one season gets in the way of efforts to begin another on time. But the volume of business, however, it may be assured, is remarkably large for the month, even for a good year. The exaggerated fears about crops have passed, the syndicate is believed both able and determined to protect the treasury, and the time draws near when the marketing of new crops will turn into a national balance if speculation does not hinder. The week has been notable for a sensational fall in wheat of 8 cents in two days, followed by recovery of 5 cents, though neither affords any interpretation of the quite disregarded Government report. The sudden drop in prices was the result of speculative rather than commercial influences, though exports not half as large as last year, 2,097,945 bushels (four included) from Atlantic ports for two weeks of July, against 4,227,915 last year, had their effect, as well as Western receipts of 1,987,474 bushels, against 2,156,918 last year."

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Base-ball League:

	P	W	L	Per cent.
Pittsburg	.08	40	28	.588
Baltimore	.03	37	26	.587
Cleveland	.74	43	31	.581
Cincinnati	.09	40	29	.580
Boston	.64	36	28	.563
Chicago	.75	42	33	.560
Brooklyn	.07	37	30	.552
Philadelphia	.05	35	30	.538
New York	.06	34	32	.515
Washington	.00	24	36	.400
St. Louis	.72	24	48	.333
Louisville	.05	12	53	.185

WESTERN LEAGUE.

In the Western League the clubs close the week in the following order:

	P	W	L	Per cent.
Indianapolis	.05	42	23	.646
Kansas City	.01	37	20	.651
Detroit	.07	30	31	.537
Grand Rapids	.08	30	32	.529
Milwaukee	.09	30	33	.522
St. Paul	.03	34	32	.515
Minneapolis	.05	29	30	.440
Terre Haute	.06	27	39	.409

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.75 to \$6.00; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$5.50; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 60c to 67c; corn, No. 2, 45c to 46c; oats, No. 2, 23c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 47c to 50c; butter, choice creamery, 14c to 17c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 13c; potatoes, new, per barrel, \$2.00 to \$2.50; broom corn, common growth to fine brush, 4c to 6c per lb. Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, choice light, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, common to prime, \$2.00 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2, 63c to 65c; corn, No. 1, white, 44c to 45c; oats, No. 2, white, 23c to 30c. St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 64c to 65c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 41c to 42c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 49c to 51c. Cincinnati—Cattle, \$3.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.25; sheep, \$2.50 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2, 60c to 68c; corn, No. 2, mixed, 46c to 48c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 26c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 46c to 48c. Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$3.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.50; sheep, \$2.00 to \$3.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 72c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 46c to 48c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; rye, 47c to 49c. Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 red, 70c to 71c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 46c to 47c; oats, No. 2 white, 24c to 25c; rye, No. 2, 49c to 51c; clover seed, prime, \$5.00 to \$5.70. Buffalo—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$3.00; hogs, \$3.00 to \$5.75; sheep, \$3.00 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 1 hard, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 52c to 53c; oats, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c. Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 62c to 64c; corn, No. 3, 47c to 49c; oats, No. 2 white, 27c to 28c; barley, No. 2, 47c to 49c; rye, No. 1, 53c to 55c; pork, mess, \$10.75 to \$11.25. New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$6.00; hogs, \$4.00 to \$5.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.00; wheat, No. 2 red, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2, 51c to 52c; oats, No. 2 white, 32c to 33c; butter, creamery, 15c to 18c; eggs, Western, 12c to 13c.

DIED AT THEIR DUTY.

THREE CINCINNATI FIREMEN PERISH.

Tramps Murder an Ohio Man—Undervaluation Alleged—Suit for Millions—Three Killed by a Falling Bridge—Troops May Be Needed.

Cincinnati Firemen Killed.

At Cincinnati, Ohio, two firemen were killed and fifteen injured in a fire in the extensive feed store of Hermes & Co. at Water and Walnut streets. It started from some unknown cause. The aggregate loss of property will not exceed \$150,000. The fire burned steadily and fiercely for two hours without serious accident to any one. It progressed northwardly and at the northeast corner met the walls of the new Simmons & Norris commission house. The firemen were warned but rushed under it to save the property of Nelson Morris & Co. of Chicago. This had been saved and the firemen were turning to retreat when the wall fell across the street, burying the men beneath the ruins.

Indians Threaten Trouble.

Gov. Richards, at Cheyenne, Wyo., received a telegram signed by the justice of the peace and constable of Maryville, in the Jackson Hole district, saying: "Nine Indians arrested; one killed; others escaped. Many Indians reported here threatening lives and property. Settlers are moving miles away. Want protection immediately. Action on your part of the Interior and asked him to take immediate action. The Governor says the entire trouble can be stopped by the Secretary of the Interior instructing the Indian agent at Fort Hall, Idaho, to send his Indian police to call in all hunting parties of the Indians who are in Wyoming. If it becomes necessary to send State troops to the region companies will be sent from Evanston and Lander."

Bridge Falls with a Train.

For a month a gang has been at work rebuilding a bridge on the Santa Fe at Monument, Colo. Wednesday morning the east-bound passenger train, heavily loaded, passed over the bridge. The vibrations caused by the train had not ceased when a freight train of twenty-four cars followed. The train passed in safety until within three spans of the end, when suddenly, with lightning swiftness, a trestle gave way and the whole train fell through the opening, piling up in a most frightful manner, grinding the cars into kindling wood and heaping the immense weight on the body of Mrs. Albert Cooper, who had just brought her husband's luncheon and was sitting under the bridge. J. C. Childers, of Kansas City, and a tramp were also killed.

Big Suit Against the Farwells.

Potter, Lovell & Co., of Boston, are accused in a bill filed in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago Wednesday of making a fraudulent transfer of securities whose face value is \$12,830,000 to John V. Farwell & Co., on the eve of their assignment. The bill is an echo of the one filed by the assignees of Potter, Lovell & Co. to secure a reconveyance of the securities or an accounting from John V. Farwell & Co. The disastrous failure of the Boston firm was the sensation of the brief panic of August, 1890, when 200 per cent. was offered for money on call in Wall street.

Charges Against Customs Inspectors.

Surveyor of the Port English at San Francisco has appointed an inspector of the local customs house to investigate the charge made by United States District Attorney Foote that imports are undervalued by the Federal inspectors. The District Attorney recently wrote to the Attorney General at Washington informing him that imports were not only being undervalued but large quantities of goods were being smuggled. On account of his failure to make specific charges the Attorney General refused to appoint a special inspector as requested.

Murdered and Placed on the Track.

Harry Bowden, a Pennsylvania operator, was killed by tramps at Bucyrus, Ohio, and his body placed upon the tracks, where it was struck by an engine and decapitated. Bowden had received his monthly pay a few hours before the murder, and it is believed that the crime was committed for the purpose of robbery. The deceased was 25 years old and unmarried. His parents reside in Crestline, where the remains will be taken for burial after the coroner has held an inquest.

BREVITIES.

At Kansas City in a fit of drunken rage George McNamara fatally stabbed his wife and seriously wounded his mother-in-law, Mrs. S. R. Mayfield. The difficulty originated in a family quarrel.

The affairs of La Banque du Peuple, at Montreal, Que., came to a crisis Monday when the directors decided to suspend payment for ninety days. J. S. Bosquet, who, until two weeks ago, was cashier, is said to be largely responsible for the bank's difficulties, having permitted heavy overdrafts, principally by companies in which he was personally interested.

Lewis Baker, United States Minister to Costa Rica and Nicaragua, has arrived at New York on board the steamer *Alisa* from Port Limon. Mr. Baker has been in San Jose, the Costa Rican capital, for some months on business matters, and also for his health, which has been poor for some time past. He returns home for a brief period of rest, and expects to resume his duties within sixty days.

Specials from St. Joseph, Benton Harbor and other points in the belt of Western Michigan report a terrific gale early Wednesday morning, reaching a velocity of seventy miles an hour. Many small buildings and forest and fruit trees were blown down, and thousands of barrels of apples, pears and peaches blown from the trees.

The body of Capt. Anderson, the Kansas City Board of Trade man who disappeared Tuesday, was found in the river at Liberty, Mo. He had shot himself in the head and then jumped into the river. Financial reverses led to the rash act.

About El Paso, Texas, the rainfall the last few days has been unprecedented in that part of the country. Santa Fe trains arrived three days late owing to wash-outs. The Texas and Pacific tracks for ten miles near Big Springs were under water. There is a flood in the Rio Grande.

REPORT OF WEATHER AND CROPS.

Condition of Grain and Cereals in Western and Central States.

The reports as to the condition of crops throughout the country and the general influence of weather on cultivation, growth and harvest made by the directors of the different State weather services throughout the country and telegraphed to Chicago are as follows:

Illinois—Week generally favorable, except dry in northern section; haying and oat harvest being completed; wheat and rye thrashing continues; corn doing well, many fields tasseling; pastures, potatoes and gardens improved by rains in central and southern sections.

Wisconsin—Droth partially broken by local showers on Sunday; pastures, corn and potatoes suffering; haying completed, except on marshes; rye and barley mostly cut and oats nearly ripe; barley and oats show heavy yields; frost on Tuesday did slight damage.

Minnesota—Warm days, cool nights very favorable; haying well advanced; barley harvest progressing, grade uneven, yield big; oat cutting just begun; corn improving; droth in south half partially broken by Sunday's showers.

North Dakota—Temperature and sunshine normal, rainfall deficient; some slight damage to grain by hail and hot weather at scattered places; rye and barley being harvested; haying commenced; corn doing well.

South Dakota—Continued droth unfavorable to all crops; wheat, oats and grass injured some in a number of counties and in localities seriously; barley harvest general and oat harvest begun; corn, flax, millet and gardens need rain.

Nebraska—Week cool, with less than normal rainfall, except in south central part of the State, where more than an inch fell; harvest of small grains progressed rapidly; corn has grown slowly and the leaves have generally curled some during the day, but while the crop is not as yet damaged rain is needed.

Iowa—The dry and cool weather of past week has been favorable for harvesting; Saturday night and Sunday widely scattered showers afforded relief from droth, which was becoming serious; oat harvest in progress, and crops are generally doing well.

Indiana—Rain beginning and local showers at end of week beneficial to corn and potatoes; fair weather during the week favorable to harvesting; corn tasseling and shooting, but needs rain in northern portion; wheat and rye thrashing continues; haying in progress.

Kansas—Cool, damp and cloudy week, with abundant rains except in northeast and north counties; very beneficial to growing crops, but sprouting grain in shock and stack in south and interfering with harvest in the west.

Ohio—Rains fell on 8th and 15th, but it is generally drothy; weather favored haying and harvesting; yields light; oats ripening, some cut; corn fair; all crops need soaking rains; pastures poor and water scarce.

Michigan—Very beneficial showers over northern portion of the State, but over southern half practically no rain has fallen and the droth continues with severity and everything is suffering; considerable corn is curling; wheat harvest in progress and is very light in yield.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turner building, 245 State street, Chelsea, Mich.
BY C. T. HOOVER.
 Terms: \$2.00 per year in advance.
 Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.
 Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

CHELSEA, THURSDAY, JULY 25, 1895.

Additional Local.

Since our last issue, this section has been visited by two good showers. During the storm Friday afternoon, lightning struck a tree in front of the home of Geo. Barthel, the shock also rendering his daughter insensible for a short time.

Bury the croaker out in the woods in a beautiful hole in the ground, where the bumblebees bumble, and the wood-pecker pecks, and the straddle bug straddles around. He is no good to this city of push, too impractical, stingy and dead, but he wants the whole earth and plenty of crust, and the stars that shine overhead. Then hustle him off to the bumble bee's roost and bury deep in the ground; he's no use to us here, get him out of the way, and make room for a man that is sound.—Ex.

Rev. C. L. Adams returned from Bay View Thursday morning last. He reports the largest attendance at that and neighboring summer resorts this year that have ever been known. The season opened with the annual campmeeting lasting a week. This was not largely attended, but resulted in much good. The assembly opened with a grand concert Wednesday evening, given by the Detroit Conservatory of Music. Schools for instruction in almost all branches of learning are opened and many are availing themselves of this splendid opportunity for special study. The children are not neglected. Kindergarten instruction is given and also training in the Lloyd school where children learn the use of tools. The department of athletics has a physical trainer and an assistant. Bay View is a splendid summer resort where one can find rest and refreshing air, exercise as one may choose, or study and withal may meet a large number of very fine people.

Teachers' Examination.

The examination of teachers of Washington county for the ensuing year will be held as follows: Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor the third Thursday of August, 1895 and the last Thursday in March, 1896. Regular examinations for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896. Special examination for third grade at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895.

WILLIAM W. WEDEMEYER
 Commissioner of Schools.

Waterloo.

Miss Edna Jones of Napoleon is the guest of Mrs. F. Croman.
 Miss Kittie Bevier spent part of last week with Mrs. H. Gorton.
 Born to Mr. and Mrs. M. Eisenbeiser Friday July 19th, a daughter.
 There has been over \$700 subscribed toward rebuilding the west U. B. Church and it will be rebuilt once.

Lima.

John Steinbach and Eddie Gran spent Sunday at Bridgewater.
 Mrs. M. A. Ormsby and son Max of Pontiac are visiting here.
 Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Stocking of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday here.
 Mrs. S. Stedman of Ann Arbor has been spending a few days here.
 Nelson Freer and family who have been living in Plymouth are moving back here.

Uadilla.

P. Mills started threshing Monday last.
 Mr. and Mrs. Will Hill spent Sunday in Mason.
 Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hill returned to this place Monday.
 Miss Cora Hadley visited her sister in Stockbridge Tuesday.
 Mr. and Mrs. E. J. May of Dexter spent Sunday at E. C. May's.
 There was an ice cream social held in the hall Wednesday evening.
 Bernice Allen and Josie May spent Sunday with friends in Dover.

Protect the Game and Fish.

Shoot or fish only in the proper season and escape the game warden by observing the laws. Many states have new game and fish laws this year, and if you don't know them, send five 2c stamps for a copy of the Game Law Issue of The American Field, 245 State street Chicago.

The same pant that we have been charging you \$1.50 for, goes this week for \$1.12 at Holmes'. Ask to see them.

County and Vicinity.

A Dexter young man went into the Leader office the other day to pay his subscription. There was some trouble in finding his name, and he was asked if he was on the single list. He replied, "O, no. I have been married two weeks."

The water in Grass Lake is so low that pickeral and black bass parry the heat by twisting their tails up over their heads for sunshades. It beats the chickens how much a fish knows when it comes right down to business.—Grass Lake News.

G. W. Snyder of Webster is the owner of a Jersey cow that is certainly a jewel. Last week he had some of her milk tested and it showed 95 per cent cream. Best it.—Dexter Leader.

Say, John, we will send you a certificate properly filled out in a few days.
 Leon Graham, a lad about 9 years of age caught some potato bugs in a pan and set about to kill them; so he pours some gasoline over them and sets fire to it, gets some more gasoline in cup and throws on the flames. Consequence was, a boy badly burned about the hands and chest. If help had not been near at hand the child would have been burned to death.—Pinckney Dispatch.

Prof. Bartholomew, Jackson's famous aeronaut, is figuring on a device with which to pass over Niagara Falls in safety. It resembles a huge dumb bell in appearance. A hollow shaft of thin steel, 100 feet long, holds at each end a sphere, about forty feet in diameter, allowing just space enough between them for a trapeze bar. Inside these spheres will be gas balloons as large as the interior will admit. In case the authorities do not object, the trip will be made in August, 1895.

Rev. Dr. Ryan has originated several phrases that have taken with slang-slingers, but the latest seems the most popular. It was given to the world last Sunday evening, when after each inquiry of Justice Childs as to the correctness of statements the minister was making, he would inform the congregation that the "Justice nods his head." Instead of affirming the truth of anything now, the fashionable way is to say "And the Justice nods his head."—Ypsilanti Sentinel.

A remarkably queer discovery was unearthed by Sela Fitzgerald, Wednesday morning. While engaged in digging a new well on the late Hall lot, he found a grape shot closely wedged in a chunk of blue clay, 24 feet below the surface. The ball is perfect, clean and smooth, is not rusty or disfigured, it measures 1.3-16 inches in diameter, and is of hard iron. The discovery brings out several ideas, and the general question is, how did it get there or where did it come from?—Saline Observer.

One of the most prominent young ladies in the city had a narrow escape Saturday night. She was taking medicine and in swallowing a spoonful noticed it did not taste like that she had taken. Looking at the label on the bottle you can imagine what her feelings were when she saw thereon the skull and cross bones and the word Laudanum. There was a considerable delay in securing a doctor as every one seemed to be busy, but one finally arrived in time to make her part company with the deadly poison.—Washington Times.

Chas. D. Bigham of 723 N. Main st. went home last Saturday night, and it being so warm and oppressive he sat down in a chair on the stoop to keep cool. Along about half past one o'clock he fell out of the chair on to the floor and from thence to the ground. In sleeping with his head inclined upon one side the nerves or cords of the neck became somewhat rigid, and the sudden fall it is thought snapped them in two, as he has suffered great agony ever since, so much so that yesterday he begged of his family and the physician to put an end to his life. Whether he will recover or not the physicians think very doubtful.—Ann Arbor Courier.

There seems to be a rage at present among dairymen for dehorning cattle. A Wayne county farmer who has had much experience with cattle says that he has a better way than dehorning and it answers the same purpose. When the calf is about a week old the incipient horns are then visible and are then soft and tender. At that time he rubs them for a minute or two with crystallized potash, and the horns never grow any more. The calf is not hurt in the least. He has practiced this for years and always with success. He thinks it far better than the dehorning process when the animals and the horns have come to maturity.—Northville Record.

Don't let A. Ed Meyers, Ypsilanti's strong men, step on you, as he carries 15 pounds of weights about his shoes in order to keep the muscles of the biceps in hardened condition.

General Ypsilanti, who gave his name to this city, turned up missing about a year ago. It was generally supposed that he had been kidnapped, and diligent search has been made for his whereabouts since his taking off. Yesterday afternoon while the new city clerk was rummaging around in the back closet, he discovered the long lost Ypsi hidden away among the rubbish. On the Fourth of July, 1823, Major Benjamin Woodruff made a speech at a celebration here, and suggested that the town be named Ypsilanti in honor of the General of that name, who had gained a signal victory over the Turks in Greece, which resulted in the independence of that country, Greece. This picture was presented to the city by the Greek Government about 1890.—Ypsilanti Commercial.

The "pegging out" of old Jake Reithmiller in the Jackson penitentiary, will not cause a shadow of regret in the heart of any human being on earth. He ought to have died a score of years ago, for he was an incendiary and murderer at heart. He swore if he ever lived to get out of confinement he would kill his wife for getting a divorce from him after his incarceration, and murder others who testified against him in court. That he would have carried out his threats, if in his power to do so, is the opinion of those who knew him best. He was at one time a hardworking man and good citizen. But he became a mean, depraved devil, unpossessed of one single redeeming emotion or sentiment; a blood thirsty miscreant, undeserving of liberty or life. He is now in his right element—the pickling vat at the Ann Arbor university. A man who in life puts at defiance all law, who burns buildings and longs to take human life, deserves no compliments after death. Hence the flavor of our chronicle of this vile wretch's life.—Grass Lake News.

For Sale Cheap—A light road wagon. Inquire at this office.

A Household Treasure

D. W. Fuller of Canajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house and his family has always found the very best results follow its use: that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman Druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and never failed to do all that is claimed for it. Why not try a remedy so long tried and tested. Trial bottles free at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

Did You Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your trouble? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, or are nervous, sleepless, Excitable, Melancholy or troubled with Dizzy Spells, Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only fifty cents at F. P. Glazier & Co.

Drink ice cream soda at the Bank Drug Store. Always fresh and delicious.

We are selling choice groceries at prices below other dealers and it will pay you to call at the Bank Drug Store and look into the matter.

A house and four acres of land in Chelsea village, also village lots for sale. Apply to D. B. Taylor.

A wheel barrow, hand cart and two scythes for sale cheap.—D. B. Taylor.

100 per cent profit on lumber is a thing of the past in Chelsea. Apply to The Glazier Stove Co. for particulars.

Leave your order for a harness with Henry Gilbert. Satisfaction guaranteed.

75-cent laundryd shirts for 49c at R. A. Snyder's.

We cut the best sole leather and do the neatest job for the least money. L. TICHENOR.

Basement of Eppler's meat market.

CURES ALL BLOOD DISEASES
DR. MERIT MIXER'S FAMOUS C.&S.S. FOR THE BLOOD
 SO PLEASE THE BEST TASTE
 DR. MIXER'S HASTINGS, MICH.
 ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.

Emancipation Day celebrations at Jackson and Battle Creek, August 1.

A rate of one and one-half cents per mile each way has been made. Good to return August 2d.

Young People's Christian Union, U. P. Church, at Columbus, O. One fare for round trip. Sale August 20, 21, 22. Good to return not later than August 27.

Campmeeting at Haslett Park, Mich. August 1 to September 1st. A rate of one and one-third fare for round trip has been granted. Dates of sale, July 31, August 6, 8, 10, 13, 15, 17, 20, 22, 24, 27, 29 and 31. Good to return September 2d.

Glad Tidings.

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores the system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c. Sold only at Bank Drug Store.

Hastings, Mich. July 25th.

Recent discovery develops the fact that an attempt has been made to infringe upon the trade mark of Drs. Mixer for the manufacture of the famous Mixer Cancer Scrofula Syrup. A bill has been filed in the circuit court of Barry county by Dr. Chas. W. Mixer against Chas. M. Tower, who it is alleged, has been infringing on said trade mark by manufacturing and selling Mixer's C. & S. S. secretly. A temporary injunction has been allowed by Judge Smith, restraining Chas. Mortimer Tower from further interfering in the business.

W. H. Nelson, who is in the drug business at Kingville, Mo., has so much confidence in Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy that he warrants every bottle and offers to refund the money to any customer who is not satisfied after using it. Mr. Nelson takes no risk in doing this because the Remedy is a certain cure for the disease for which it is intended and he knows it. It is for sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

A horse kicked H. S. Shafer, of the Freemyer House, Middleburg, N. Y., on the knee, which laid him up in bed and caused the knee joint to become stiff. A friend recommended him to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which he did, and in two days was able to be around. Mr. Shafer has recommended it to many others and says it is excellent for any kind of a bruise or sprain. This same Remedy is also famous for its cures of rheumatism. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Last June Dick Crawford brought his 12-months-old child suffering from infantile diarrhoea, to me. It had been weaned at four months old and had always been sickly. I gave it the usual treatment in such cases but without benefit. The child kept growing thinner until it weighed but little more than when born, or perhaps ten pounds. I then started the father to giving Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Before one bottle of the 25 cent size had been used a marked improvement was seen and its continued use cured the child. Its weakness and puny constitution disappeared and its father and myself believe the child's life was saved by this Remedy. J. T. Marlow, M. D., Tamarac, Ill. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Geo. H. Foster.

AUCTIONEER

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Terms Reasonable.

Headquarters at Standard Office.

Stitch!

Stitch!

Stitch!

All day long and far into the night, good tailors make good clothing. Clothing that fits, hangs well, and never loses its shape.

I am receiving my stock of fall woollens and would be pleased to have you call and inspect them. Prices right.

J. J. RAFTREY,

Merchant Tailor

REMOVED REDUCTION SALE

Miss Ella M. Craig and Mrs. S. R. Cole have removed their Millinery and Dress Making business to the rooms over the post-office, where they will be pleased to see all their old customers, and as many new ones as will favor them with their trade.

Miss Ella M. Craig

Mrs. S. R. Cole.

FRANK E. IVES

AUCTIONEER

Has had years of experience.

Terms Reasonable

For particulars enquire at this office.

Coal

AND

Lumber

New is a good time to place

your order for coal. We offer

the best Lehigh Valley Coal

for June or July delivery, at

\$4.90 per ton, delivered at

your house.

We are also prepared to

quote you lower prices on all

grades of Lumber, Lath and

Shingles than have ever been

heard of in this part of the

country. We are selling a

grade of lumber at \$12.00 per

thousand, that other dealers

have been selling at \$20.00.

We would be pleased to quote

you prices. Respectfully,

The Glazier Stove Co.

IF YOU WOULD BE

Happy

Be careful what you eat. There's

a theory afloat that low grade

food makes a low grade man.

It may not be true. Still, owners

of fine horses are particular

about the feed—and man is just

another kind of animal. It is

just as well to be on the safe

side and buy groceries of

R. A. Snyder.

JUST LOOK!

Two packages yeast cakes 4c

6 lbs Butter Crax 25c

Good canned corn 6c

Good can peaches 10c

6 cans sardines 25c

Shaving soap 2c

7 bars good laundry soap 25c

Come and get a sample of our sun

cured Japan Tea

We have a good tea for 30c

Try our 19c coffee

Best coffee in town for 28c

A good fine cut tobacco 25c

"The Earth" for 15c

Tooth picks per box 5c

A good syrup for 19c

Best line of candles in town

Try a sack of our Gold Medal Flour

Best Spring Wheat Patent Flour.

Call and see our 49c laundryd shirts,

white or colored, modern styles

Our line of work shirts can't be beat.

Our \$1.50 men's shoe is a hummer

We have the best line of neckwear to

be found at 25c

15c handkerchiefs for 10c

Good handkerchief for 5c

Ladies' hose 10, 15 and 25c

Headquarters for all kinds of produce

of all

Summer

Millinery

Ready trimmed hats at 75c and \$1.00. All 25c and 35c school hats, now 10c. Ribbons laces and flowers at greatly reduced prices.

Terms strictly cash.

Mrs. J. Staffan.

Aiming High

Is not always the right

way to aim. Shooting

to hit the mark is bet-

ter. We are studying

how to hit the popular

idea of quality, assort-

ment and prices, and it

is this thoughtful care

that enables us to hit

the lowest mark on

good goods.

10 bars laundry soap 25c

A. H. soda 6c per lb.

2 pkg Yeast Foam 5c

Best tea in Chelsea 50c

Best tea dust 124c

Bottle olives 10c

Bottle pickles (all kinds) 10c

Barley coffee 10c per lb.

J. S. Cummings.

CENTRAL

MEAT MARKET

The best of

everything in the

meat line is

kept at the

Central Market.

All kinds of

Sausages.

Give me a call.

ADAM EPPLER.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

I have five houses

and lots for sale.

GOOD LOCATIONS.

MEDIUM PRICES

and on easy terms.

B. PARKER,

Real Estate Agent.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS

COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly forty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world, 83 years. Specimen copies sent free. Single copies, 5 cents. Every number contains practical advice, in colors, and photographs of new inventions, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address: MUNN & CO., New York, 361 Broadway.

Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is unequalled for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Nipples, Chapped Hands, Itching Piles, Burns, Frost Bites, Chronic Sore Eyes and Granulated Eye Lids. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

TO HORSE OWNERS.

For putting a horse in a fine healthy condition try Dr. Cady's Condition Powder. They tone up the system, aid digestion, correct loss of appetite, relieve constipation, cure kidney disorders and destroy worms, giving new life to an old or over-worked horse, 25 cents per package. For sale by druggists.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The union service will be held at the Baptist church, Sunday evening, on Tuesday, July 28, 1895, to honor Mrs. Wm. Lehman, a daughter, and the Washtenaw County fair will be held at Ann Arbor, September 24-27.

Workmen are now engaged in building a new bridge at the M. C. R. R. right house.

The W. R. C. will hold their regular meeting this week Friday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

There have been a number of cases of drunkenness before the justices here during the past week.

Dr. and Mrs. J. C. Twitchell are at home in the house recently vacated by Dr. McColgan.

A windmill has been erected at St. Mary's rectory, and a system of water works has been put in.

A regular meeting of Olive Chapter, E. S., will be held Wednesday evening, July 31, at 7:30 o'clock.

W. B. Batz who is here in the line of the Headlight, reports that his meeting with good success.

The Wayne, Washtenaw, Oakland and Livingston counties picnic will be held at Whitmore lake, August 24.

The Canadian Jubilee Singers gave an entertainment at the Town Hall, Sunday evening, to a fair sized audience.

R. C. Fuller, whose escapades were chronicled in last week's Standard, was captured in by Sheriff Judson at Ann Arbor last Saturday.

Ramon Day now walks with a perceptible limp. He had the misfortune to step on a nail recently and the result was a very sore foot.

Claude Flagler had the misfortune to have the end of one of his fingers cut off in a power punch at the Town Works Saturday afternoon.

The Jackson Patriot says that the difference between the "new woman" and the "old woman" is that the new woman has more hustle and the old woman had more bustle.

In Michigan in the last ten years 16 persons have been charged with murder, of which number 122 were convicted. In Canada 223 were charged with murder and 83 convicted.

A business man of this city expressed himself after this fashion the other evening. "Trying to do business without advertising, is very much like winking at a girl in the dark. You may know what you are doing, but no one else will."

When that fellow comes to you with his new variety of seed wheat that is warranted to produce 60 or 70 bushels to the acre, for which you are asked to pay \$4 per bushel, just tell him that the Bohemian oats swindle is still fresh in your memory.

It is said that the great Studebaker plant of South Bend, Ind., is preparing to go into the manufacture of bicycles on the most extensive scale. It is also said that they intend to put on the market a wheel equal to the best and sell it for \$35. In France good, if not the best wheels, sell for \$15 each.

A facetious dealer says: "Hay is selling this week for 1 3/4 cents per pound. Next week it will probably be sold by the quart, and just when it will get to the pint where it will be sold up in dozen bunches and sold three for a quarter depends on the time when every horse owner gives the annual away."

Considerable trouble has been experienced by the workmen who are digging the trench from the creek to the stove works, caused by the springs filling the trench with water. A power pump run by an electric motor has been placed in position and it is hoped by this means to keep the water down so that the work can go forward.

The Saline Observer says the following about a former Chelsea boy: "Dr. Hathaway has moved his dental office to the second story rooms over the bank. The place is a very pleasant one, and being so near the money center of the village, can make his deposits regularly. Dr. Hathaway is building up a good business here and his work is satisfactory. Anyone wishing dental work should patronize him, and keep the business at home."

Just before going to press we learn that Rev. C. L. Adams leaves Friday morning for Woodbine, Ia., because of serious sickness of friends. On this account there will be no preaching at the M. E. church next Sunday. Other services as usual.

A fakir who was working a medicine swindle was here Monday evening trying to work our people, but it was no go. He was heard to say that if he didn't have better luck that he had in Chelsea, he would have to try getting a living in an honest manner.

While Guy Lighthall was returning from Grass Lake on his bicycle last Sunday, a 300-pound hog ran across the path in front of him and the result was a grand flying act that was not down on the bills. Guy has since been nursing a black eye and several lame spots on the various parts of his anatomy.

The Congregational society here has extended a unanimous call to Rev. W. H. Walker to remain as their pastor another year. This is a deserved recognition of the earnest, faithful work that has been done by the reverend gentleman during the past year. It is expected that the parsonage will be completed this fall, and then Mr. Walker will bring his family to this place.

There have been several disgraceful affairs on our streets during the past week. Friday night two cigar makers became quarrelsome and one of them picked up a large stone and cracked the other fellow over the head with it, causing several scalp wounds. The men were both arrested and are now languishing in the Hotel de Judson at Ann Arbor. On Saturday evening, there were a couple of encounters among several men who were the worse for liquor. Taken altogether, the record for the past week has not been a good one for Chelsea.

The P. A. T.'s gave a "Dutch Lunch" at the home of Misses Minnie and Pearl Davis, Friday evening, which was greatly enjoyed by that little band and a few invited guests. The "Lunch" was made the more appetizing by the aid of the beautifully decorated table, which was adorned with sweet peas and ferns, while overhead hung a canopy of green leaves, green being the "club color" of the society. The dainty menu cards and the appropriately painted napkins, made very pretty souvenirs of the occasion. After making said havoc with the refreshments, the guests repaired to the home of Miss May Sparks, where they were nicely entertained until interrupted by the fire bells.

Friday night about 11 o'clock the alarm of fire was given and a large number of our citizens came up town on the double quick to find out what was wrong. Large clouds of smoke were rolling from the roof of the Sherry store on Main street. After several men had climbed to the roof, the smoke was found to be coming from one of the chimneys. A search revealed the fact that a man was sleeping in the basement, used by Henry Townsend for a shoe shop, and that he was feeling damp and had built a rousing fire in a coal stove and was enjoying the heat. When the door was opened the heat that rushed forth was overpowering. After the liberal use of salt on the fire, things cooled down somewhat. A man who could feel damp during the dry time that we have been enjoying must have some means of irrigation by which to keep his imagination up to the working point.

The Ann Arbor Courier has the following to say about our famous summer resort: Among the Ann Arbor people who are rustivating at Cavanaugh Lake are Hon. A. J. Sawyer and family, Heman M. Woods and family, Fred H. Belser's family and Fred Howlett's family. Messrs. Belser and Howlett spend Sundays with their families, and stay just long enough to catch the big fish, with which the lake is filled at uncertain intervals. Cavanaugh Lake is coming to be one of the most popular resorts in this part of the state. A number of Detroit people are among the campers, including ex-Postmaster Codd and ex-Judge William Look with their families. Residents of Chelsea occupy the remaining cottages that are built along the south bank of the lake. The cottages are very neat and substantial, and present a pretty appearance. There are about thirty in all, everyone of which is now occupied. The Lake is dotted with numerous boats. Everything about the Lake is so arranged as to afford every opportunity for enjoying the pleasures of camp life.

PERSONAL.

Leo. Staffan spent Sunday last in Dexter.

J. G. Hoover spent Wednesday at Jackson.

Miss Kate Haarer spent Thursday last in Detroit.

Miss Maude Congdon is visiting friends in Saline.

Austin Yocum of Manchester spent Sunday at this place.

Glen C. Stimson of Albion is spending some time at this place.

Wm. Wedemeyer of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at this place.

Miss Frances Neuberger spent part last week at Ann Arbor.

Miss Maude Buchanan of Dexter spent Sunday at this place.

Mrs. G. W. Turnbull was in Ann Arbor the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Parker are spending some time in Ilay View.

Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Neckel are visiting relatives at Monroe.

Misses Pearl Davis and Vera Glazier are visiting friends in Detroit.

Mrs. Wm. M. Walker of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at this place.

Mrs. H. I. Davis is entertaining her mother and sisters of Ypsilanti.

Miss Paulina Murray of Texas is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Rev. Boekle of Ann Arbor was the guest of Rev. G. Eisen, Monday.

L. Becker of Leslie has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. Tichenor.

Miss Lois Smith of Ypsilanti is spending a few days among friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes were Detroit visitors the latter part of last week.

Miss Nellie Kempf of Ann Arbor has been visiting relatives at this place.

Wm. Martin spent Sunday with his daughter, Mrs. G. E. Hathaway in Saline.

C. B. Avery of Howell spent Sunday with his brother Dr. H. H. Avery at this place.

Miss Kittie Drew of Fort Stock, Kan., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Michael Howe.

Miss Maggie Miller of North Branch is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lathon Miller.

Mrs. Jas. Pierce of Stockbridge was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Chas. Staphish Sunday.

Will Barr of Saline spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Congdon.

Mrs. J. C. Twitchell who has been spending some time in Grand Rapids has returned home.

Mrs. C. H. Kempf and father, Alva Freer, are visiting Dr. and Mrs. F. N. Freer of Beaverton.

Misses Josie Higgins and Josephine Costello of Dexter were guests of Miss Agnes McKune Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Grant and children of Jackson spent the latter part of last week with Mr. and Mrs. J. Wallace.

S. A. Mapes was a Grass Lake visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Prout of Brighton is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Wurster.

Miss Lulu Thomas of Allegheny, Pa., spent a few weeks with Miss Lucy Leach.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Wood of Ann Arbor spent Sunday with friends at this place.

Miss Belle Hall of Grand Rapids is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Hall.

Edgar Killam of Kalamazoo is spending a few days with his parents in this vicinity.

Miss Sadie Lemon of New Haven and Walter Bates of Chicago are guests of Miss Edith Noyes.

Mrs. A. E. Walker of Detroit is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hudler at this place.

Mrs. L. H. Cady of Ludington has been the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Prudden.

Miss Emelle Neuberger, who is attending the Summer Normal at Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at home.

Max and Faye Moon came over from South Lyons on their wheels Tuesday. They left this morning for Detroit.

Dr. and Mrs. R. McColgan are in Toronto, Can., where they were called by the death of the doctor's sister.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Osborne and children of Niles were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Noyes, last Sunday.

Mrs. John Palmer entertained the Misses Lulu Thomas, Lucy and Mabel Leach at Cavanaugh a few days of last week.

Misses Agne. Masson and Maude Pervis, who have been visiting Miss May Sparks, have returned to their home in Jackson.

Miss May Sparks left for Jackson, where she will visit for a short time. She will then go to South Haven to spend several weeks.

Misses Freddie Gillette and Anna Harris of Ann Arbor who have been visiting Miss Jennie Woods have returned to their homes.

Mrs. John Colvin and daughter Nellie of Pittsburg, Pa., and Miss Betsey Leach of Coldwater, Can., spent yesterday with Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Leach.

An exchange wants to know what makes one town thrive while others with equally good locations remain dormant. It is because in one case there are men of push and energy who are not afraid to spend their time to improve the town. They erect substantial buildings, work for public improvements and use every means in their power to induce people to locate there. Wherever they go, they tell of the advantages of their town; they write about them in every letter; send circulars and newspapers to every acquaintance whom they think can be induced to visit the town, and when any one visits it they show him all the attractions of the place and treat him with such kindness that he falls in love with them and the town at once.

—Ex.

JULY BARGAINS

Nearly every article in the Big Store reduced in price for this month.

NEW GOODS STYLISH GOODS

In fact, goods that are right in every respect and cheap at marked prices, are now still cheaper.

Clothing at prices that won't cover the cost to manufacture. You can have no idea what value we are offering in clothing unless you look. Every looker so far has proved to be a buyer, and a satisfied buyer. If you buy clothing elsewhere while the goods last, you can go home with the positive assurance that you paid more money than you would have paid had you looked here.

REMEMBER

Dry goods are marked down.

Boots and shoes are marked down.

Carpets are marked down.

Furnishing goods are marked down.

Matings, Oil Cloths, Curtains, Rugs, Shades, Carpet Sweepers, Capes and Jackets, all are marked down for this month's sale.

See the goods and judge for yourself.

W. P. SCHENK & CO. THE MAN

WHOSE CLOTHES FIT
GETS ALONG IN THE WORLD

Easier than the other fellow.

Try WEBSTER, Merchant Tailor,
and be convinced.

We are making some very

LOW PRICES

to close out our stock on

Refrigerators
Hammocks
Screen Doors and Windows
Croquet Sets
Gasoline Stoves
Lawn Mowers
Baby Carriages
Lawn Chairs and Settees
1000 lb. Platform Scales

Hoag & Holmes.

We are still selling Furniture cheap.

We Will Close Out

ALL FARM IMPLEMENTS



AT CCST. This includes cultivators and rakes. We have a good stock of binders twine and prices as low as any first class twine can be sold.

W. J. KNAPP.

Ann - Arbor - Electric - Granite - Works.

Designers and Builders of

Artistic Granite and Marble Memorials.

On hand large quantities of all the various Granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice, as we have a full equipment for polishing.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.

Jackson Gem

FLOUR

Always the Best.

Buy Jackson Gem and Vienna compressed yeast and you will always have good bread.

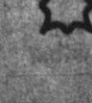
F R E E M A N

Tamsui Famosa

Oolong Tea

Is the most healthful tea grown and the finest importation.

It makes a delicious and refreshing beverage hot or iced.



Whipped Cream

Baking Powder

Absolutely pure and wholesome, as good as Royal or Prices and only 25 cents.

F R E E M A N

Crockery.

We are showing some new and beautiful goods in this department.

Please ask to see our For-get-me-not stock pattern.



Charlotte K. Baume

CHAPTER XXXI.—(Continued.)

Lord Bayneham went out and found the groom who usually helped the coachman, and he had heard all that passed. The coachman asked where he should drive, and her ladyship replied to Oulton, and he was to wait for as usual at the Bayneham Arms.

Again Lord Bayneham felt relieved. Perhaps, after all, she was only gone shopping, and had been detained; there might be no accident, nothing but forgetfulness of time. He resolved, however, to ride over to Oulton at once. He returned to the stables in the intention of taking a folded paper in her hand; and Barbara Earle, with a white, wondering face, stood near her. Lady Bayneham went up to her son; he saw that her face was full of strange emotion, and that she spoke in a low, pained voice.

"Claude," she said, "come with me to my dressing room. Hush! not a word—the servants will hear you."

In silent wonder, Lord Bayneham followed the stately lady, and Barbara Earle went with them. His mother closed the door, and locked it; she then held out to him the folded paper.

"Barbara found this on the floor of your wife's room," she said, gently; "it had slipped from her desk, and it is addressed to you."

He took the letter from her in silence, and read it. They who watched him saw his face grow deadly white as he did so, and he staggered like a man who had received a sudden mortal wound. Through a red, blinding mist, he read words that burned themselves upon his heart, yet were all a mystery to him.

"Claude," the letter began, "I shall not wait for you to send me from you. I go now. You know all—you say you know all. Ah, then, you must despise me. You must look upon me with loathing and contempt; but it was not my fault. My husband, it was not my fault. I suffer for the sins of others."

"You meant what you said, Claude, and I must go. I cannot write my farewell—there are no tears in my eyes, yet they have gazed upon you for the last time. In my heart there is a deep burning sorrow, like a sharp piercing pain; there is despair and death. You were my life, my love, my all; you made the sunshine of my life. I go out from you into utter cold and darkness, where I shall never see you more, never more! I may call you darling for this last time, and I lay a hundred kisses on the word as I write it. My darling, forgive me. Good-by."

Lord Bayneham read the letter again, and again, never understanding one of the sad, pitiful words in it. He realized that one thing—she was gone from him, and he should see her "never more."

A cry that Lady Bayneham never forgot came from his white lips. Strong man though he was, the earl trembled like a child.

"Read that, mother," he said, "and tell me what it means."

Word by word the countess read that sad letter, her face growing white, as her son's had done. "What can it mean?" she said; "what can be done?"

"I must find her!" cried Lord Bayneham. "Call all the servants, mother—rouse the whole place—we must go and find her."

Then his mother, going up to him, placed one arm lovingly around him.

"Hush, Claude," she said. "Your wife has left you; let us, however, save the honor of our house; cost what it may, this secret must be kept. The Baynehams have never known disgrace; let us keep their name untainted. What say you, Barbara?"

"You are right, aunt," she replied; "for Hilda's own sake we must keep all knowledge of this from the world. Do not be angry with me, Claude; but from this letter, which you do not evidently understand, I should imagine poor Hilda to have been seized with something like sudden insanity. No sane person ever wrote this. Have you any idea to what she alludes?"

"No more than yourself," said Lord Bayneham. "I had better tell you all, and perhaps you can help me. Hilda would not tell me how her bracelet came to be in the Lady's Walk, and I discovered quite accidentally that she had been walking there with some one. I went to her and told her I knew all—"

"Well," said Barbara, for he stopped abruptly, "what then?"

"She cried out, passionately, 'Do you mean what you said? Must I go? Not understanding in the least what she meant, I replied that I always said exactly what I meant. She cried out again, 'Must I go? Just then I was fetched away for the duke, and have not seen her since.'"

"It is the strangest thing I ever heard," said the countess. "I can only imagine the poor child to be insane."

"Who was with her in the Lady's Walk?" asked Miss Earle. "You do not know?" she continued; "then believe me, Claude, she is neither insane nor anything else, but the victim of some mystery. I am certain of it. If all the world blame her, I keep my faith. But something must be done."

"I will go to Oulton," said Lord Bayneham; and in less than ten minutes he was once more galloping along the high road.

CHAPTER XXXII.

"What has detained you so long?" said Lord Bayneham to the coachman, as he dismounted at the Bayneham Arms.

"I am waiting for my lady," replied the man; "she desired me to do so."

Barbara Earle said, "At any cost, we must keep her secret," and Lord Bayneham remembered the words.

"It is all right," he replied, hastily; "you can go home. I am sorry you have been kept waiting so long. Lady Bayne-

ham will not return with you this evening."

The landlord, who had shared the coachman's wonder, re-entered the house, perfectly satisfied, and Lord Bayneham followed the man, who had been for more than thirty years a valued servant to his family.

"Dickson," he said, laying one hand upon the coachman's shoulder, "tell me all that has passed since Lady Bayneham left the house."

"Nothing, my lord," replied the man; "her ladyship told me on starting to drive to Oulton, and wait for her at the Bayneham Arms, and I have done so."

"Where did you see her down?" asked Lord Bayneham.

"My lady stopped at the corner of Hill street," replied Dickson; "she went down toward Old Cross, and I drove on to the hotel."

"Did Lady Bayneham say anything about returning?" asked the earl.

"No," said Dickson. "Her ladyship never spoke to me after she entered the carriage. She looked very ill, my lord."

"And you have no idea where she went?" interrupted Lord Bayneham.

"None," said the man. "I have been waiting in much surprise, for her ladyship has always been so punctual."

"Dickson," said Lord Bayneham. "I shall want one man to help me in what I have to do. We have some reason to fear that Lady Bayneham is ill—is not quite herself. She has left her home and gone, no one knows where. Can you keep this secret and help me to trace her?"

"I can, my lord," said Dickson, quietly. He made no protestations, but the young earl understood the good faith and strong reliance of those words.

"She went down toward the Old Cross, you say," continued Lord Bayneham; "that is the road to the station, can she have gone there?"

He went into the hotel to look at the "Railway Guide" which lay upon the table. His wife left her home some few minutes past two o'clock; at twenty minutes past three there was a train for London; at four, the express for Scotland; later on, the train for New Town, the largest junction on the line. His only resource was to go to the station and make all the inquiries possible.

"How was Lady Bayneham dressed?" he asked Dickson.

"I did not notice, my lord," he replied.

"I remember nothing that her ladyship wore, except a thick waterproof cloak."

"Take the carriage home," said Lord Bayneham, "and mind, Dickson, I have trusted you. You will be the only servant in the house who knows the secret of your lady's flight; guard it as you would your life. Say what you like to the rest to allay their suspicions, if they have any; and stay—take this note to Lady Bayneham."

He wrote a few lines just to say what he had done—that he was now going to the station, and if he found any trace of his wife he should follow it up, therefore they need not feel any uneasiness at his absence. Dickson—he told Lady Bayneham—knew the truth, and in any emergency they must trust to him. In the meantime they must shield Hilda as best they could, for he hoped to bring her back with him.

Lord Bayneham was not long in reaching the little station, where he was well known, but he found it difficult to ask many questions without exciting curiosity and wonder. Fortunately there was a new porter who did not know his lordship, and to this man the young earl addressed himself.

The porter had been on the platform all the afternoon and remembered the London train, and that four passengers left Oulton by it, but that only two went by the Scotch express. There were perhaps twenty for the New Town train, but amongst them he did not remember to have seen a lady in a waterproof cloak.

"A dark waterproof cloak, did you say, sir?" continued the porter. "Ah, now I remember something. Just before the London train started, a lady in a long dark cloak sent me to get her ticket. She sat there at the lower end of the platform, and spoke in a low voice as though she were ill. I did not see her face clearly, because she wore a veil, but I thought I saw that she was very pale and had golden hair. I bought her ticket and saw her get into a first-class carriage for London."

The porter looked astonished when Lord Bayneham slipped a sovereign into his hand; and like a wise man he saw that there was something in it, and resolved to keep his thoughts to himself.

"I am sorry, too, if he is in trouble," thought the man, "for a nicer or more liberal gentleman I never did see."

The London express started in half an hour, and the earl resolved to go by it. That one half hour, spent in pacing impatiently to and fro on the little platform, seemed like an age to him. There were times when he felt that he must be dreaming. It could not be possible that Hilda, whom he had loved so well, should have flown from him—that his sweet fair wife had left him. Why, only last week they had been at the station together. Now she was a fugitive—flying, he knew not what from—and he, trying his best to shield her and keep her name from the idle comments of busy men, was seeking her. The journey to London seemed never-ending, but Euston Square was reached at last, and then his task seemed hopeless.

The train from Oulton had reached there about six o'clock; two other trains came in at the same time, and the station for some minutes was one grand scene of confusion; no one remembered a lady in a waterproof cloak—there were several ladies, first-class passengers, but no porter remembered to have procured either cab or carriage for any tall lady in a waterproof cloak.

The ticket collector was found and closely examined by Lord Bayneham. He had taken a ticket from a lady in a first-class carriage, a ticket marked from Oulton to London; he had not noticed her dress; he remembered that her hand was very white and she wore several costly rings.

Lord Bayneham's heart beat quickly; without doubt that was Hilda, but where had she gone? No one had seen her leave the carriage or quit the station. In spite of the collector's testimony he was as much lost as before.

He spent some long hours at Euston Square, but discovered no more. He had traced his wife to London; but there she vanished completely, and he knew not what to do.

Then he went to Scotland Yard, for he had heard wonders of the agency of an officer who was said to be the cleverest private detective in England, and he told him the whole facts of the case, and offered him a large reward for any information he could procure. There was no more to be done. The detective told him to leave the matter in his hands, and promised to do his best.

Tired and depressed, Lord Bayneham went to his house in Grosvenor Square. Although taken by surprise at his sudden appearance, the housekeeper soon sent up a recherche little supper, which she was much disappointed at finding the next morning untouched upon the table.

During the day following he had one long interview with the detective, and the rest of his time was spent in writing. On the Thursday morning the chief papers contained an advertisement wherein "Bluebell"—the pet name he had given her in Brynmor Woods—was entreated to send her address, as there had been some terrible mistake; but no reply came to them—no news came to Lord Bayneham of the fair young wife.

All at once an idea struck him. Of course she was gone to Brynmor, where else should she seek refuge? It was past ten o'clock on Thursday night when he thought came to him, and he never rested again until he saw once more the bonny woods of Brynmor. He had hoped strongly, he had believed his search ended, but the Hall looked lonely and deserted; he knew by old Elsie's face when she admitted him that his lost wife was not there. No, nothing had been seen or heard of the young lady of Bayneham. She had not been there.

The earl did not wait either for sleep or refreshment, but hurried back again, sick at heart, and more disappointed than he cared to own.

At London he found strange letters awaiting him from Dr. Greyson, the trustee and guardian of his wife. He had received a letter from Lady Hilda, saying that she renounced all further claim upon the Brynmor estates, or any of the money bequeathed her by Lady Hutton, and should never receive more, nor apply to him again. Lord Bayneham, she said, would understand why, and he was to decide what should be done with the fortune she thus renounced.

More bewildered than ever, Lord Bayneham could only agree with his mother that Hilda must be insane. He understood nothing of the motives which actuated her. He telegraphed for Dr. Greyson to join him, but when they took counsel together neither one nor the other could suggest any solution of the mystery. He then took Bertie Carlyon into his confidence. The young member had found himself famous, and his speeches were eagerly listened to, and eagerly read. He was considered, and justly, too, as one of the most gifted and eloquent speakers of the day, and his career was now one of great and incessant labor rewarded by well-earned success. But Bertie, his old friend and confidant, could render him no assistance. He could throw no light upon the subject.

The post-mark upon Lady Hilda's letter was London; but, from that, all agreed it was foolish to believe that she was in the great city. The constant anxiety of such a search began to tell heavily upon Lord Bayneham. He had been for several nights without sleep, and for several days with little food. One morning, as with Bertie Carlyon, he was coming from Scotland Yard, the two friends met Mr. Fulton. At the first glimpse of him Lord Bayneham clinched his hands tightly. After all, what he had heard of those nonsensical notes had been the first cause of his present sorrow. But Mr. Fulton hurried up to him with a smile of welcome playing over his face, holding out his hand with a few words of cordial greeting. There was something so genial and kindly in his manners that Lord Bayneham's half-formed suspicions died away at once.

"How are all at Bayneham?" said Mr. Fulton. "How is Lady Hilda? Is she here with you?"

He evidently knew nothing of what had happened at Bayneham.

"You look extremely ill," he continued. "I hardly knew you at first. When are you returning?" Lord Bayneham replied briefly, and then hurried on. Only ten days since, and this man was an honored guest under his roof. What had happened since then?

That morning he met several of his friends, who were all pleased and surprised at seeing him, but grieved at his changed appearance. There seemed to be only one topic of conversation, the engagement of the fair and fashionable Lady Gramme to Mr. Fulton.

(To be continued.)

Indian's Soora for the Bible. Bishop Whipple, of Minnesota, says that the Dakota Indians once held a war dance near a mission house. He went to Wabasha, the chief, and said: "Wabasha, you asked me for a missionary and teacher. I gave them to you. I visit you, and the first sight is this brutal scalp dance. I knew the Chippeway whom your young men have murdered. His wife is crying for her husband; his children are asking for their father. Wabasha, the Great Spirit bears his children cry. He is angry. Some day he will red Wabasha, 'Where is your red brother?' The old chief smiled, drew his pipe from his mouth and said: 'White man go to war with his own brother in the same country; kill more men than Wabasha can count in all his life. Great Spirit smiles, says 'good white man! He has my book. I love him very much. I have a good place for him by-and-by.' The Indian is a wild man. He has no great spirit book. He kills one man, has a scalp dance. Great Spirit is mad and says: 'Bad Indian! I put him in a bad place by-and-by.' Wabasha don't believe it!"

Explosion of a Big Gun.

During target practice at Shanghai recently a forty-ton Armstrong gun in one of the Woosung forts exploded, setting fire to a neighboring magazine and several houses. Forty men were either killed or injured. It is supposed that the breach of the gun, which was loaded with slow-burning prismatic powder, was prematurely opened by the artilleryman.

HARVEY MEETS HORR.

GREAT ORATORICAL BATTLE ON THE MONEY QUESTION.

Contestants to Argue for Three Hours Every Afternoon Until They Run Out of Facts—Weekly Report of Weather and Crops—News Notes.

Eight Days of Talk.

Roswell G. Horr and W. H. Harvey, whose prominence in financial discussions makes extended introduction of them unnecessary, began their long-heralded and much-advertised debate at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon in the assembly room of the Illinois Club, Chicago. The room had been fitted up as an amphitheater with seats for only 200 persons. Admission by card, but all the seats were taken at the opening of the contest, and it is unlikely that any cards will go begging at any time during the eight days of the friendly dispute. For the benefit of all concerned the talk is divided into blocks of about 1,000 words from each disputant, and when each has had a say both are open to questions from the auditors.

Roswell G. Horr is a statesman from Michigan, now engaged in writing on finance for the New York Tribune. He has as his referee Lyman J. Gage, of the First National Bank, of Chicago, and as his judge Charles H. Aldrich, also of Chicago. W. H. Harvey is known to everybody as the author of "Coin's Financial School." His referee is H. S. Taylor, of Chicago, and his judge is Henry Miller, also a Chicagoan.

The issue is "Gold or Silver for a National Currency," with Mr. Harvey of course in favor of the white metal, and the debate is founded on chapters in the silver champion's noted "school" book. Mr. Horr made the opening statement.

The fight opened with a spar for points. Neither combatant wished to commit himself until he had "tried the wind" and "felt the reach" of his adversary. The Gotham man caused an impression that his first purpose was to castigate Harvey for his literary license in making well-known persons per force attend his "financial school." Hardly had this point been touched upon when Mr. Gage, whose name is linked with every lesson, got up and went out. He did not resume his seat.

The silver sympathizers laughed loudest and cheered hardest. Mr. Horr's constituency ceased itself with suppressed titters and significant nods. As the debate proceeded the applause grew harder. At the reading of the terms "gold and silver" from the Constitution by Mr. Harvey there was an outburst. "Who-oy!" shouted the delegate from Indiana. He followed it with deafening hand-claps. A moment after Judge Vincent requested that demonstrations be omitted.

"Let them talk," said Mr. Harvey. "I have no feeling on the subject—let them talk if they choose," seconded Mr. Horr.

The gold champion early tried to get his opponent to commit himself on the meaning of primary money. Mr. Harvey shied from the trap which he suspected, saying he would discuss that detail in its rightful place. Later, when Mr. Horr was asked to answer point blank if silver was not made the standard in 1792, he in turn dodged, offering Mr. Harvey's refusal to answer him in a word as precedent against minute cross-examination.

Dr. Thomas, president of the Illinois Club, called the gathering to order and welcomed the guests who were to share the discussions. He was followed by Judge Miller, who read the rules adopted by the speakers.

INDIANA LAW IS DEFEATED.

Legislative Apportionment Act Is Declared Unconstitutional.

A suit to test the constitutionality of the Indiana legislative apportionment act passed by the last General Assembly was brought in the Circuit Court at Sullivan and argument in support of the propositions advanced by plaintiffs were made by Senator Turpie, ex-Congressman Brown and ex-Representative Bensley. It was claimed that under article 4, sections 4 and 5, of the Constitution, the General Assembly had no power to enact laws either by repealing valid and existing laws or by passing new laws upon the subject; that the law was passed at an unconstitutional period and not at a session immediately following an enumeration of voters, as provided by the Constitution. It was also claimed that the new law deprived the counties of Vigo, Vermillion and Sullivan of one joint representative. A writ of date was asked, restraining the Auditor, Sheriff and Clerk of Sullivan County from acting under the law. Judge Moffett ruled that the new law was unconstitutional and granted the writ. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.



Gov. Morrill, of Kansas, is removing

Populists from the penitentiary board.

Labor leaders in Washington grieve over the defeat of Congressman McGinn.

The Missouri Democratic monetary convention will be held at Pertle Springs Aug. 9.

Tammany Hall has been reorganized in accordance with the new arrangement of assembly districts.

J. K. Vardaman, free silver candidate for Governor of Mississippi, has withdrawn from the race.

John H. Thomas, Republican, was elected Mayor of Annapolis. Five of eight Aldermen elected are Democrats.

Ex-Alderman General Garland says there will be seven national tickets in the field in the next Presidential campaign.

Dr. J. P. Cowan, ex-member of Congress from the Fourteenth Ohio District and member of the Ohio Legislature in 1855, died at Ashland, aged 72.

Southern Democratic editors are at work to secure the nomination of Stevenson and Crisp as the Presidential candidates.

RUNNING THE MONADNOCK.

A Memorable Trip with the Monitor to the Pacific Coast.

Commodore Bunce, or, as he will be known while he commands the North Atlantic station, Rear Admiral Bunce, made a very remarkable voyage away back in 1866. It was just after the close of the war, and monitors were not very well known in the seafaring world; in fact, they had never been used, except in the United States. Mr. Bunce, then a lieutenant commander in the navy, had command of the monitor Monadnock, which sailed from the Delaware capes around Cape Horn to San Francisco. She was not the Monadnock of to-day, for she was a wooden hull, and of different dimensions, although the present ship is modeled after her, and is the old Monadnock rebuilt. This vessel was conveyed by the Vanderbilt, a big side-wheeler, loaned to the Government for the purpose of running down and destroying the rebel ram Merrimac (but which never got the opportunity), the Powhatan and the Tuscarora. This fleet was under the command of Commodore John Rodgers, and was quite a formidable-looking squadron for those days. At every point on the route where the fleet stopped the monitor was the marvel of the people, and especially of the seamen. The British sailors had heard something of monitors, but had never seen one like this. She was only about eighteen inches above water, and her heavy armament looked as if it might sink her in a gale.

An officer who was aboard the Vanderbilt said that in the heavy seas and gales off Cape Horn they would occasionally lose the Powhatan and Tuscarora, but they never lost sight of the Monadnock. Lieutenant Commander Bunce answered every signal and handled the craft like the true seaman he was.

Mr. Bunce, and in fact all the American sailors, lost an opportunity for a nice little brush with Spain which they hoped to have and which at one time looked as if they were to enjoy. Spain had never recognized the independence of Chili, and out of this and a hot-headed Spanish admiral grew a difficulty which brought on the now almost forgotten Chilean-Spanish war. The squadron commanded by Commodore Rodgers was in Valparaiso when the Spanish fleet bombarded that place. It was just before the bombardment that the admiral in command of the English fleet and Mr. Rodgers determined that it should not take place, or that the combined American and British fleets would lie between the city and the Spaniards, and if hostilities were begun attack the Spaniards. Before this plan was carried out, however, the British Minister advised the Admiral not to interfere, and he so notified Rodgers. The Commodore pulled his fleet out to sea, and a very disappointed lot of officers and sailors saw the bombardment. It has always been a very delicate question whether the Commodore should have attempted to prevent the bombardment. Without the aid of the English he would have had what sailors term a "bully fight," and perhaps have lost his fleet.

The most disappointed of the officers was Lieutenant Commander Bunce. He wanted very much to try his little monitor. There was metal worthy of him in the Spanish fleet, too, the Numancia, an iron-clad, heavy for those days. Four to six inches of iron over her made her look quite formidable. But the Monadnock carried fifteen-inch guns, and the plan of her battle had been carefully arranged. She was to get right under the Spanish iron-clad, where she would be out of range of her guns, and then all the Spaniard with heavy fifteen-inch cannon shot. However, he was not to have the honor of testing a monitor on a foreign foe in his younger days. Perhaps before his present command expires he may have an opportunity to try some vessels of our new navy in actual warfare.

The officers on board the Vanderbilt expected to have a part in the fight. The plan for the ship was to run down one of the enemy's vessels. It was thought that if she accomplished this much she would have done well. It was not believed that she would stand for a moment against any heavy firing, but she could have been put to the use for which she was originally loaned to the Government. The Vanderbilts afterward gave the ship to the Government. The Government kept her for a short time and then sold her to a firm of three brothers in San Francisco. This firm called her "The Three Brothers," shipped a cargo of wheat in her to Liverpool, and made enough on it the first trip to pay for her. She is said to be tied up somewhere now on the Pacific coast and used for storage.

Commodore Bunce, also on this voyage, with the others of the squadron, saw Spain bombard Callao, Peru. Spain was in the business of bombarding the Spanish-American towns in South America in those days.

The men who were with the squadron say that Mr. Bunce was the ideal young officer of the navy in those days. He was never so cool and collected, and yet so eager, as when discussing the plan of battle and suggesting and accepting the share he was to have in it. The survivors of that trip around the Horn are very glad Mr. Bunce is to have the best command afloat in the navy, and in memory of the days when he took the monitor around Cape Horn they are glad that he has in his squadron the fastest and best ships afloat in any navy.—Washington Post.

Wylde—See that woman sitting alone in the corner? That's Miss Antique, the lecturer. The women rave about her, but I don't think she thoroughly grasps her subject. Mack—What is it? Wylde—Men.—Brooklyn Life.

Grant—Can it be possible that Hawkins is in love with that fat girl? Why, she weighs 300 at least. Hobbs—No; I don't believe he's in love; he's just infatuated.—Boston Courier.

AT THE GALESBURG TRACK.

All Is Work and Preparation for the Great Summer Meeting.

All is work and business at the track these fine summer days, with a Galesburg correspondent. Because C. W. Williams, the owner of the track, was heard to remark to Chas. Terrell while they were watching the show of a promising brother to Faltis, that everything at the track was about a month ahead of time. By the first of June this year some good speed horses in trial heats had gone several notches below their marks. But the season has opened now and the trainers are off for the races.

The work preparatory to the great summer meeting here is being pushed with all vigor. A special advertising car, containing about ten men, will start out in about ten days to hit the State. This car will carry 150,000 different kinds of advertising matter, and it is expected that they will make a thorough job of it. This will be the largest crowd which ever assembled at this part of the State, which will gather in Galesburg about Aug. 26, and will see the best trotting and pacing meeting ever held in the country. Over 1,000 horses are entered for the meeting, which is a remarkable showing. Then the prize money foots up to a grander total than that of any other race meeting in the country, while another meeting can show so long a list of entries. This is "proof" of the fact that the horsemen know a good thing when they see it, and so they are coming to Galesburg, the pretty college city of the West, for the great summer meeting to be held Aug. 26 to Sept. 1, inclusive. And then the owners of the fast ones want to capture more records and at Galesburg, over the dead level track in the world, is the place to do this.

Last year there was a scarcity of seats, but Mr. Williams promises that this shall not occur this year. Just previous to the bicycle meeting recently held here, additions were made to the grand stand, so that there are now about 5,000 seats in the stand. The judges' stand will also be improved. Another story will be added to it for the press, which will be greatly appreciated by the boys. The management assures the people that as large a crowd as will come will be taken care of. The C. B. & Q. switch extends into the grounds, so that those going and coming on their special trains land right at the gate. The fine electric street car system runs right to the main gate, and the track is only a short ride from the main part of the city. Besides the two lines, there will be backs and hand wagons innumerable to convey the crowd to and from the city. A large hotel stands just across the street from the main gate, while several boarding houses are close at hand. Then in addition to the four commodious hotels in the city, many private houses will be thrown open to receive the guests. Underneath the grand stand, other improvements will soon be begun. After putting down a fine floor, Mr. Williams will proceed to establish one of the best lunch counters in this part of the State. It will be equipped with all the latest ideas for serving the people, and that a good lunch can be secured in a short time.

But what will there be to see at this meeting? For the two weeks a program of thirty-eight races has been filled. These range from the great 2-year-olds down to the flyers of the 2:12 trot and 2:10 pace. In each of these races, the exceptionally large purse of \$2,000 is up, and there will be some lively scrambling to get it. There will be a large number of special attractions. Monroe Salisbury is booked here and will start many of his best ones in the races. As the season opens Mr. Williams is keeping his eyes wide open for the two-minute goers, and you want to watch them go when they strike the nice springy Galesburg track. A strong effort is being made to secure all the fast money winners of the season.

The fall meeting opens Sept. 9, the Monday after the great meeting closes, and this will be the time for the smaller fry. The races will continue eight weeks, so that horsemen can come here and win plenty of money without shipment. There are 135 races, and only costs \$15 to start for \$300 purses. They begin with the 2-year-old trot and paces and get down to the 2:08 class in both movements. The money in these will be divided, 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent of purses, while the entrance is only 5 per cent of the purse, with an additional 5 per cent from all money winners. For 2-year-olds, the heats will be best two in three; all others, best three in five. The entries for the fall meeting close Aug. 26, and records made after noon of that day will be no bar.

The trainers gather every afternoon about 3 o'clock in front of one of the west barns and spend about two hours in a sociable. That is the gossip corner of the track, and there you will get the latest news. They will tell you about the last work out; they will tell you of the great races they have been in, how they won, or how they were beaten; they talk of meetings in progress, and discuss the possible winners of the next day.

The United States Congress has never legislated on the subject of a national holiday to recur from year to year, so even the Fourth of July is not a holiday made legal by the enactment of a Congressional law.

Lord Rosebery and Mr. Balfour, Lord Elgin and Mr. Rhodes—the four men who between them guide and govern the British Empire—are all under fifty years of age.

BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE RISING SUN
STOVE POLISH
For durability and for
cheapness this prepa-
ration is truly unrivalled.

THE SUN PASTE
POLISH for a quick
after-dinner shine,
applied with a cloth,
leaves a rich, glossy
finish.

UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME
(Main Building.)
The Fifty-second Year Will Open
TUESDAY, SEPT. 24, 1895.

College, Law, Science, Law, Civil and Mechanical
Engineering, Thorough Preparatory
and Commercial Courses.

EDWARD J. HALL, for boys under 15, is unique in
the preparation of the student. A limited number
of places for the educational state will be received
on application. Catalogues sent free on application to
REV. ANDREW MORRISSEY, C. S. C.,
Notre Dame, Indiana.

Books Worth a Small Fortune.
The highest price ever paid for a second folio Shakespeare was given in London the other day at the sale of the Earl of Oxford's library. This was the first and purest copy known of the world folio Shakespeare, 1632, in the original calf binding, formerly the property of George Daniel, the noted Shakespearean scholar, at whose sale in 1894 it sold for \$740; it now advanced \$2,700. Horace Walpole's copy of "To the Hebrides with Dr. Johnson," with a number of caustic biographical notes by him, sold at \$205. Madame de Medici's copy of "Aristotle's Orlando Furioso," 1556, in contemporary Venetian light brown calf, brought \$100.

Forty-eight Years a Postmaster.
John Damesman, who died at West Union, Pa., last week, at the age of 85 years, was postmaster of that town for forty-eight consecutive years, and was believed to have held office longer, and for an earlier period, than any other postmaster. He was appointed by President Andrew Jackson in 1835, and re-elected in 1893.

BACKACHE
AND BEARING-DOWN PAINS
Early Drove Mrs. Martin Hale Wild.
How She Obtained Relief.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]
"Nearly all last winter I was sick in bed, and was attended by different physicians; none cured me, none helped me, none helped me, none helped me. When I attempted to get up, it was always the same story; my back would ache, I was dizzy and faint, the bearing-down pains were terrible. I also had kidney trouble badly. I knew I had help right away. I resolved to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The results were marvellous. I am gained in every way, and am entirely cured." — MRS. MARTIN HALE WILD, Middle, Mass. Every druggist has it.

Radway's Ready Relief.
It is the only and the only remedy that stops the most excruciating pains, always inflammation, and cures constipation. Internally it cures Cramps, Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Cholera, Flatulency and all internal pains. It is a remedial agent in the world that has never failed, and all other remedies are of no use. It is sold by all druggists, or by mail, for 25 cents per bottle. **RADWAY & CO., New York.**

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, sick headache, dizziness, dyspepsia, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, torpid liver, foul breath, sallow skin, coated tongue, pimples, loss of appetite, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

One of the most important things for everybody to learn is that constipation is more than half the sickness in the world, especially of women; and it can be prevented. Go by the book, free at any druggist's, or write B. F. Allen Co., 355 Canal St., New York. Pills, 10¢ and 25¢ a box.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHILE ALL THE OTHERS
DO NOT. It is a cure for
all the diseases of the
urinary system, and is
sold by all druggists.

LIVES DASHED OUT.

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY SWEEP BY A CYCLONE.

More than a Dozen Little Villages Suffer by the Sweep of the Destroyer—Cherry Hill Annihilated—Financial Loss Is Enormous—Nine Are Hurt.

Nine Killed and Many Hurt.
New York and New Jersey were swept by a death-dealing cyclone Saturday afternoon. Nine persons are known to have been killed and scores were hurt. One of the dead, Mrs. Louisa Ketterlin, was killed in East New York. All of the other victims lived in and about the little villages of Cherry Hill, N. J., and Woodhaven, L. I. The cyclone descended upon the upper part of East New York, known as the Cypress Hills, at 4:30 o'clock, continued on its way to the lower plains district, and from there traveled to Woodhaven. The cloud was first seen going over Cypress Hills. It was funnel-shaped, and hung very low to the ground. At the upper end was a red spot that appeared more like an incandescent light than anything else. The cyclone swept over the cemetery, wrecking handsome and costly monuments. It tore down trees for about 200 feet and then turned into Jamaica avenue at Crescent street, and went up Jamaica avenue for about half a mile. Trees were torn down and telephone and trolley wires demolished. Right in the middle of the wreckage six cars were caught. They belonged to the Brooklyn and Southern Railroad and were stuck when in front of the Stewart home. The cars were filled with passengers and there was great excitement. Half a dozen persons were slightly injured. The cyclone wrecked thirty houses at Woodhaven and a very large school-house there. There were twenty residents of Woodhaven hit by the various objects which were carried through the air. Chimneys sailed through the air as though they were no heavier than feathers.

Between 40,000 and 50,000 persons visited the scene of the ruin and devastation at Cherry Hill Sunday. Some of the unfortunate homes were wrecked about during the day wondering what was in store for them. Hackmen and the other towns have responded promptly to the call for aid made by the people of Cherry Hill. Viewed in the light of day the ruin appeared more complete. Everywhere in the path of the storm were ruins. The tangled heap of timbers by the railroad track told where the depot went to pieces. That pile of wreckage showed where a house had been thrown down and that one where a barn had been razed by the winds. The leafless trees that withstood the strain of the whirlwind gave the appearance of midwinter. On two sides, as viewed from the center of the town, there were banks of green, but where the storm swept everything was black and bare.

NOT FOR PUBLICATION.
United States Ambassador Eustis Taken by a Clever Frenchman.
The Paris Figaro publishes a statement from the Hon. James B. Eustis, the United States Ambassador to France, in which the latter says: "The fact is now recalled to my memory that Secretary Vignaud introduced M. Routier to me on May 13 not as a journalist, but as a writer. According to my custom, I had a conversation with him, but I certainly did not authorize M. Routier to publish it."

NEW MONEY ORDER BLANKS OUT
Are in the Form of a Bank Draft and of a Sea Green Color.
Requisitions for money order blanks received at the Postoffice Department will be filled from this time on with the new blanks designed some months ago. It will not be many weeks before the public will become well acquainted with the new design, and it is safe to say that it will in all probability prove a popular change. The new blanks are in the form of a bank draft. The text is lithographed and the ink used is a sea-green shade. The effect is artistic and pleasing, and altogether the form and general appearance of the new blank is such as to make the recipient feel more than ever as if he had a good thing. The old scheme of notched numerals at the left end of the blank is retained, as it has proved a great convenience in business and a safeguard against fraud. The dollars and cents are also printed on the reverse side, so that with a nice register in the press work both sides of the bit of paper will show the precise amount of the order.

ON FIRE IN MID-OCEAN.
Flames Break Out in the Lower Hold of La Normandie.
The French line steamship La Normandie, bound from Havre, moved up the bay to her dock at the foot of Martin street, New York, Saturday morning with flags flying in the sunlight and nothing but the rush of water from her powerful pumps to give a clew to the terrible dangers of the voyage. Yet in midocean throughout Tuesday night, in the thick fog and storm, the starboard freight compartment of the good ship, packed with valuable merchandise, was a roaring mass of fire, while the seventy-five first and second cabin passengers and 205 occupants of the steerage waited for the seemingly inevitable order to "take to the boats." For fifteen hours the battle raged between the crew and the flames, and it was not until well along toward noon of Wednesday that the vessel's safety was assured.

Boston Prepares for Endeavors.
Maj. Fowler, who shot and killed a man during a political quarrel at St. Louis many years ago, has returned to this country, believing that prosecution of his crime will not be pressed. He has been one of the editors of the London Times for sixteen years.

Senior & Sons of Cincinnati have purchased a controlling interest in the celebrated Chicken Cock distillery of Paris, Ky. The purchase price is said to be in the neighborhood of \$100,000.

The death of Walter McDonald, a California 49er and once a member of the California Legislature, is reported from Glens Falls, N. Y.

New York police are making war on sidewalk stores and street stands.

secretary of State, comptroller, treasurer, attorney general and a State engineer for terms of three years each, a judge of the Court of Appeals for a term of fourteen years, twelve judges of the Supreme Court for terms of fourteen years and fifty Senators to serve three years and 150 Assemblymen to serve one year each. The Senators chosen in November will participate in electing a successor to Senator Hill.

In Ohio there will be elected a governor, lieutenant governor, treasurer and attorney general to serve two years, an auditor to serve four years, a judge of the Supreme Court to serve five years and a Legislature that will elect a successor to Senator Brice.

A full State ticket to serve for four years will be voted for in Kentucky, as well as a Legislature that will elect a successor to Senator Blackburn.

The Kansas people will vote for a chief justice of the Supreme Court to serve one year.

The voters of Iowa will select a full State ticket to serve two years and a Legislature that will elect Senator Allison's successor.

A justice of the Supreme Court to serve six years and two regents of the State University will be chosen in Nebraska.

A full State ticket to serve four years, all the officers in the various counties and a Legislature that will elect the successor to Senator George will be chosen in Mississippi.

A full State ticket to serve one year will be voted for in Massachusetts.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN FIRES.
Great Precautions Taken to Prevent the Destruction of Villages.
According to press dispatches the Northern Michigan forest fires are numerous and formidable. The forests are mostly hardwood, and while the fires may run rapidly when fanned by a strong wind, yet they can be controlled by judicious and timely back firing. All the small towns in the danger district and many farms have been carefully encircled with back fires. The situation is being carefully watched, however, and there is not much to fear. At Wallin, the town burned Thursday, these precautions were not taken in time. The Sullivan Lumber Company loses about \$30,000 on mill, lumber and buildings, with a total of \$3,200 insurance. The charcoal kilns will be repaired immediately to use the damaged timber before it goes to ruin, but the mill will not be rebuilt until next season. A large tent has already been erected for postoffice, store and hotel, and as soon as buildings can be put up many of the workmen will return with their families, who are now stopping at Thompsonville.

The villages of Clary, Copemish, Interlocken, Grawn, Bensonia and others have been threatened, but by back firing the danger has been averted. Comparatively few farmers have been burned out. Considerable damage has been done to standing timber and much hemlock bark has been destroyed. No lives have been lost, and even at Wallin the live stock was saved, the cattle taking to the thick woods, where the fire did not reach them.

Pinfree's Potato Patches.
Detroit now has 1,386 farmers, each of whom has been donated one-third of an acre in which to plant potatoes, beans, turnips and squash. All the plots thrown into one piece would make a farm of over 500 acres. There are still over forty acres to be assigned and donations of land are being made daily. Each farmer is given two and a half bushels of seed potatoes and two quarts of beans to plant, which will cover about two-thirds of the lots. Later they will be provided with turnip and squash seeds. At the end of the season each lotholder will be required to report the amount of his crop, so it may be ascertained accurately the profit of the scheme. Holders of lots will be required to take turns watching the patches of ground in which their lots are located to keep away cattle and prevent destruction of the crops in any way.

He Will Not Drown Himself.
(From the Troy, N. Y. Times.)
R. W. Edwards, of Lansingburgh, was prostrated by sunstroke during the war and it has entailed on him peculiar and serious consequences. At present writing Mr. E. is a prominent officer of Post Lyon, G. A. R., Cohoes, and a past aid de camp of the staff of the commander-in-chief of Albany County. In the interview with a reporter he said: "I was wounded and sent to the hospital at Winchester. They sent me, together with others, to Washington—a ride of about 100 miles. Having no room in the box cars we were placed face up on the bottom of flat cars. The sun beat down upon our unprotected heads. When I reached Washington I was insensible and was unconscious for ten days while in the hospital. An abscess gathered in my ear and broke; it has been gathering and breaking ever since. The result of this 100 mile ride and sunstroke was heart disease, nervous prostration, insomnia and rheumatism; a completely shattered system which gave me no rest night or day. As a last resort I took some Pink Pills and they helped me to a wonderful degree. My rheumatism is gone, my heart failure, dyspepsia and constipation are about gone and the abscess in my ear has stopped discharging and my head feels as clear as a bell, when before it felt as though it would burst and my once shattered nervous system is now nearly sound. Look at those fingers," Mr. Edwards said, "do they look as if there was any rheumatism there?" He moved his fingers rapidly and freely and strode about the room like a young boy. "A year ago those fingers were cramped at the joints and so stiff that I could not hold a pen. My knees would swell up and I could not straighten my leg out. My joints would squeak when I moved them. That is the living truth."

"When I came to think that I was going to be crippled with rheumatism, together with the rest of my ailments, I tell you life seemed not worth living. I suffered from despondency. I cannot begin to tell you," said Mr. Edwards, as he drew a long breath, "what my feeling is at present. I think if you lifted ten years right off my life and left me prime and vigorous at 47 I could feel no better. I was an old man and could only drag myself painfully about the house. Now I can walk off without any trouble. That in itself," continued Mr. Edwards, "would be sufficient to give me cause for rejoicing, but when you come to consider that I am no longer what you might call nervous and that my heart is apparently nearly healthy and that I can sleep nights you may realize why I am anxious to speak in extravagant praise of Pink Pills. These pills quiet my nerves, take that awful pressure from my head and at the same time enrich my blood. There seemed to be no circulation in my lower limbs a year ago, my legs being cold and numb at times. Now the circulation there is as full and as brisk as at any other part of my body. I used to be so light-headed and dizzy from my nervous disorder that I frequently fell while crossing the floor of my house. Spring is coming, and I never felt better in my life, and I am looking forward to a busy season of work."

His Plan.
Miggs—Will you not suffer from the heat here in the city all summer?
Diggs—Oh, dear, no; I married one of Boston's "four hundred." I wear an overcoat in August when I am at home.—New York World.

A Finished House.
The first thing a man does, usually, after buying a finished house is to go and hire a carpenter.—Somerville Journal.

Do You Want a Farm?
In Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia or any other State? If so, the "Big Four" Route can help you to secure valuable information in regard to lands for farming, manufacturing, mining and home purposes.

Descriptive pamphlets will be sent on application, and lowest rates quoted for passengers and household goods. We want to help you find a pleasant home, and sell you tickets when you move. Write to E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager; D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pilo's Cure.—RALPH EHING, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Pinfree's Potato Patches.
Detroit now has 1,386 farmers, each of whom has been donated one-third of an acre in which to plant potatoes, beans, turnips and squash. All the plots thrown into one piece would make a farm of over 500 acres. There are still over forty acres to be assigned and donations of land are being made daily. Each farmer is given two and a half bushels of seed potatoes and two quarts of beans to plant, which will cover about two-thirds of the lots. Later they will be provided with turnip and squash seeds. At the end of the season each lotholder will be required to report the amount of his crop, so it may be ascertained accurately the profit of the scheme. Holders of lots will be required to take turns watching the patches of ground in which their lots are located to keep away cattle and prevent destruction of the crops in any way.

He Will Not Drown Himself.
(From the Troy, N. Y. Times.)
R. W. Edwards, of Lansingburgh, was prostrated by sunstroke during the war and it has entailed on him peculiar and serious consequences. At present writing Mr. E. is a prominent officer of Post Lyon, G. A. R., Cohoes, and a past aid de camp of the staff of the commander-in-chief of Albany County. In the interview with a reporter he said: "I was wounded and sent to the hospital at Winchester. They sent me, together with others, to Washington—a ride of about 100 miles. Having no room in the box cars we were placed face up on the bottom of flat cars. The sun beat down upon our unprotected heads. When I reached Washington I was insensible and was unconscious for ten days while in the hospital. An abscess gathered in my ear and broke; it has been gathering and breaking ever since. The result of this 100 mile ride and sunstroke was heart disease, nervous prostration, insomnia and rheumatism; a completely shattered system which gave me no rest night or day. As a last resort I took some Pink Pills and they helped me to a wonderful degree. My rheumatism is gone, my heart failure, dyspepsia and constipation are about gone and the abscess in my ear has stopped discharging and my head feels as clear as a bell, when before it felt as though it would burst and my once shattered nervous system is now nearly sound. Look at those fingers," Mr. Edwards said, "do they look as if there was any rheumatism there?" He moved his fingers rapidly and freely and strode about the room like a young boy. "A year ago those fingers were cramped at the joints and so stiff that I could not hold a pen. My knees would swell up and I could not straighten my leg out. My joints would squeak when I moved them. That is the living truth."

"When I came to think that I was going to be crippled with rheumatism, together with the rest of my ailments, I tell you life seemed not worth living. I suffered from despondency. I cannot begin to tell you," said Mr. Edwards, as he drew a long breath, "what my feeling is at present. I think if you lifted ten years right off my life and left me prime and vigorous at 47 I could feel no better. I was an old man and could only drag myself painfully about the house. Now I can walk off without any trouble. That in itself," continued Mr. Edwards, "would be sufficient to give me cause for rejoicing, but when you come to consider that I am no longer what you might call nervous and that my heart is apparently nearly healthy and that I can sleep nights you may realize why I am anxious to speak in extravagant praise of Pink Pills. These pills quiet my nerves, take that awful pressure from my head and at the same time enrich my blood. There seemed to be no circulation in my lower limbs a year ago, my legs being cold and numb at times. Now the circulation there is as full and as brisk as at any other part of my body. I used to be so light-headed and dizzy from my nervous disorder that I frequently fell while crossing the floor of my house. Spring is coming, and I never felt better in my life, and I am looking forward to a busy season of work."

His Plan.
Miggs—Will you not suffer from the heat here in the city all summer?
Diggs—Oh, dear, no; I married one of Boston's "four hundred." I wear an overcoat in August when I am at home.—New York World.

A Finished House.
The first thing a man does, usually, after buying a finished house is to go and hire a carpenter.—Somerville Journal.

Do You Want a Farm?
In Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia or any other State? If so, the "Big Four" Route can help you to secure valuable information in regard to lands for farming, manufacturing, mining and home purposes.

Descriptive pamphlets will be sent on application, and lowest rates quoted for passengers and household goods. We want to help you find a pleasant home, and sell you tickets when you move. Write to E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager; D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pilo's Cure.—RALPH EHING, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Pinfree's Potato Patches.
Detroit now has 1,386 farmers, each of whom has been donated one-third of an acre in which to plant potatoes, beans, turnips and squash. All the plots thrown into one piece would make a farm of over 500 acres. There are still over forty acres to be assigned and donations of land are being made daily. Each farmer is given two and a half bushels of seed potatoes and two quarts of beans to plant, which will cover about two-thirds of the lots. Later they will be provided with turnip and squash seeds. At the end of the season each lotholder will be required to report the amount of his crop, so it may be ascertained accurately the profit of the scheme. Holders of lots will be required to take turns watching the patches of ground in which their lots are located to keep away cattle and prevent destruction of the crops in any way.

He Will Not Drown Himself.
(From the Troy, N. Y. Times.)
R. W. Edwards, of Lansingburgh, was prostrated by sunstroke during the war and it has entailed on him peculiar and serious consequences. At present writing Mr. E. is a prominent officer of Post Lyon, G. A. R., Cohoes, and a past aid de camp of the staff of the commander-in-chief of Albany County. In the interview with a reporter he said: "I was wounded and sent to the hospital at Winchester. They sent me, together with others, to Washington—a ride of about 100 miles. Having no room in the box cars we were placed face up on the bottom of flat cars. The sun beat down upon our unprotected heads. When I reached Washington I was insensible and was unconscious for ten days while in the hospital. An abscess gathered in my ear and broke; it has been gathering and breaking ever since. The result of this 100 mile ride and sunstroke was heart disease, nervous prostration, insomnia and rheumatism; a completely shattered system which gave me no rest night or day. As a last resort I took some Pink Pills and they helped me to a wonderful degree. My rheumatism is gone, my heart failure, dyspepsia and constipation are about gone and the abscess in my ear has stopped discharging and my head feels as clear as a bell, when before it felt as though it would burst and my once shattered nervous system is now nearly sound. Look at those fingers," Mr. Edwards said, "do they look as if there was any rheumatism there?" He moved his fingers rapidly and freely and strode about the room like a young boy. "A year ago those fingers were cramped at the joints and so stiff that I could not hold a pen. My knees would swell up and I could not straighten my leg out. My joints would squeak when I moved them. That is the living truth."

"When I came to think that I was going to be crippled with rheumatism, together with the rest of my ailments, I tell you life seemed not worth living. I suffered from despondency. I cannot begin to tell you," said Mr. Edwards, as he drew a long breath, "what my feeling is at present. I think if you lifted ten years right off my life and left me prime and vigorous at 47 I could feel no better. I was an old man and could only drag myself painfully about the house. Now I can walk off without any trouble. That in itself," continued Mr. Edwards, "would be sufficient to give me cause for rejoicing, but when you come to consider that I am no longer what you might call nervous and that my heart is apparently nearly healthy and that I can sleep nights you may realize why I am anxious to speak in extravagant praise of Pink Pills. These pills quiet my nerves, take that awful pressure from my head and at the same time enrich my blood. There seemed to be no circulation in my lower limbs a year ago, my legs being cold and numb at times. Now the circulation there is as full and as brisk as at any other part of my body. I used to be so light-headed and dizzy from my nervous disorder that I frequently fell while crossing the floor of my house. Spring is coming, and I never felt better in my life, and I am looking forward to a busy season of work."

His Plan.
Miggs—Will you not suffer from the heat here in the city all summer?
Diggs—Oh, dear, no; I married one of Boston's "four hundred." I wear an overcoat in August when I am at home.—New York World.

A Finished House.
The first thing a man does, usually, after buying a finished house is to go and hire a carpenter.—Somerville Journal.

Do You Want a Farm?
In Texas, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia or any other State? If so, the "Big Four" Route can help you to secure valuable information in regard to lands for farming, manufacturing, mining and home purposes.

Descriptive pamphlets will be sent on application, and lowest rates quoted for passengers and household goods. We want to help you find a pleasant home, and sell you tickets when you move. Write to E. O. McCormick, Passenger Traffic Manager; D. B. Martin, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Cincinnati, Ohio.

After physicians had given me up, I was saved by Pilo's Cure.—RALPH EHING, Williamsport, Pa., Nov. 22, 1893.

Pinfree's Potato Patches.
Detroit now has 1,386 farmers, each of whom has been donated one-third of an acre in which to plant potatoes, beans, turnips and squash. All the plots thrown into one piece would make a farm of over 500 acres. There are still over forty acres to be assigned and donations of land are being made daily. Each farmer is given two and a half bushels of seed potatoes and two quarts of beans to plant, which will cover about two-thirds of the lots. Later they will be provided with turnip and squash seeds. At the end of the season each lotholder will be required to report the amount of his crop, so it may be ascertained accurately the profit of the scheme. Holders of lots will be required to take turns watching the patches of ground in which their lots are located to keep away cattle and prevent destruction of the crops in any way.

He Will Not Drown Himself.
(From the Troy, N. Y. Times.)
R. W. Edwards, of Lansingburgh, was prostrated by sunstroke during the war and it has entailed on him peculiar and serious consequences. At present writing Mr. E. is a prominent officer of Post Lyon, G. A. R., Cohoes, and a past aid de camp of the staff of the commander-in-chief of Albany County. In the interview with a reporter he said: "I was wounded and sent to the hospital at Winchester. They sent me, together with others, to Washington—a ride of about 100 miles. Having no room in the box cars we were placed face up on the bottom of flat cars. The sun beat down upon our unprotected heads. When I reached Washington I was insensible and was unconscious for ten days while in the hospital. An abscess gathered in my ear and broke; it has been gathering and breaking ever since. The result of this 100 mile ride and sunstroke was heart disease, nervous prostration, insomnia and rheumatism; a completely shattered system which gave me no rest night or day. As a last resort I took some Pink Pills and they helped me to a wonderful degree. My rheumatism is gone, my heart failure, dyspepsia and constipation are about gone and the abscess in my ear has stopped discharging and my head feels as clear as a bell, when before it felt as though it would burst and my once shattered nervous system is now nearly sound. Look at those fingers," Mr. Edwards said, "do they look as if there was any rheumatism there?" He moved his fingers rapidly and freely and strode about the room like a young boy. "A year ago those fingers were cramped at the joints and so stiff that I could not hold a pen. My knees would swell up and I could not straighten my leg out. My joints would squeak when I moved them. That is the living truth."

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Earsache.
Many of the current cures for earsache advise the dropping of various substances into the ear. One of the best specialists of the day pronounces this "usually an undesirable procedure," and in the place of such remedies, prefers the application of warmth to the region of the ear, either by dry heat in the form of heated flannel, cotton wool, bags of hops, bran or meal, or by cloths wrung out of hot water, steam, or poultices of flaxseed or roasted onions.

Cotton should not habitually be worn wedged into the ear, for the reason that the air passage is thus closed, causing the secretions of the ear to flow more slowly or very little, and thus causing an unnatural and disagreeable and perhaps injurious dryness. As, however, many cases of acute aural trouble have resulted from bathing, and especially from diving and plunging in salt water, it is a wise precaution to plug the ears with cotton at such times.

Old Heads and Young Hearts.
You sometimes see conjuncted in elderly individuals, but seldom behold an old man or woman as exempt from infirmities as in youth. But these infirmities may be mitigated in great measure by the daily and regular use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an invigorant, anti-rheumatic and sustaining medicine of the highest order, which also removes dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and kidney trouble. It is adapted to the use of the most delicate and feeble.

What She Had.
"I hear, Miss Impecune, that you have the bicycle craze?"
"Yes. That is, I have the craze, but I'm sorry to say that I haven't the bicycle."—Harper's Bazar.

Wisconsin Resorts.
Excursion tickets are now on sale by the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway to Burlington, Elkhorn, Delavan, Milwaukee, Pewaukee, Hartland, Nashotah, Oconomowoc, Kilbourn, Sparta, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Lake Minnetonka, Tomahawk, Minnetonka, Elkhardt, Lake, Ontonagon, and all resorts of Wisconsin, Minnesota, the Michigan Peninsula and the Northwest. Special low rates made on Friday, Saturday and Sunday of each week to Wisconsin resorts. For rates, time tables, and further information apply at ticket office, 95 Adams street, or Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams and Madison streets.

Florida's Phosphate Output.
The phosphate mines of Florida number 106, and they yield more than 500,000 tons of phosphate annually.

Does He Chew or Smoke?
If so, it is only a question of time when bright eyes grow dim, many steps lose firmness, and the vigor and vitality so enjoyable now will be destroyed forever. Get a book, titled "Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away," and learn how No-To-Bac, without physical or financial risk, cures the tobacco habit, brings back the vigorous vitality that will make you both happy. No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed to cure by Druggists everywhere. Book free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., New York City or Chicago.

Many a man who now lacks shoe leather would wear golden spurs if knighthood were the reward of worth.

Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Is a constitutional cure. Price 75 cents.
Nothing is so atrocious as fancy without taste.—Goethe.

A Good Appetite
Indicates a healthy condition of the system and the lack of it shows that the stomach and digestive organs are weak and debilitated. Hood's Sarsaparilla has wonderful power to tone and strengthen these organs and to create an appetite. By doing this it restores the body to health and prevents attacks of disease.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the only true blood purifier prominently before the public eye to-day.

Hood's Pills
After dinner pills and family cathartic. 25 cts.

"Say Aye 'No' and Ye'll Ne'er Be Married."
Don't Refuse All Our Advice to Use

SAPOLIO

"Well, Santa Claus must have run out o' Soap when he left you."

Even the children recognize Santa Claus Soap as one of the good things of life—and why not? It keeps their home clean and makes their mother happy. Try it in your home. Sold everywhere. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company, CHICAGO.

Stomachic
means a medicine that strengthens the stomach, or to be brief, it means Ripans Tablets. If you are troubled with a weak stomach and cannot digest your food use Ripans Tablets. One gives relief.

"Begone, Dull Care," is over 300 years old. The melody was formerly known as "The Queen's Jig."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children
Soothing, settling the gums, reducing inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR
IMPERIAL GRANUM
IT IS
THE BEST FOOD
FOR
Dyspeptic, Delicate, Infirm and AGED PERSONS.
* JOHN CARLE & SONS, New York.

LEWIS' 98% LYE
Powdered and Perfumed.
(PATENTED)
The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye it being a fine powder and packed in a can with an airtight lid, this compound is always ready for use. Will make the best perfume and soap in 30 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleaning, washing, scouring, palates, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG. CO.
Gen'l Agts., Phila., Pa.

PENSION
JOHN W. MOORE
Successfully Prosecuted Claims.
Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau.
3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicated claims, 450 cases.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES
Pure relief. Price 25c. **ASTORIA**
by mail, Stowell & Co., Charleston, S. C.

PATENTS
Thomas F. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No att'y fee until Patent obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.
C. N. U. No. 30-95

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS
please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

"Well, Santa Claus must have run out o' Soap when he left you."

Even the children recognize Santa Claus Soap as one of the good things of life—and why not? It keeps their home clean and makes their mother happy. Try it in your home. Sold everywhere. Made only by

The N. K. Fairbank Company, CHICAGO.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO.

</

CUT THIS OUT

Pennies Don't Roll up Hill

and neither do bargains come around looking after you with an invitation to take them home. You must go after the bargains and take advantage of low prices when you have the chance.

HOW ARE THESE FOR LOW FIGURES?

10lbs best rolled oats for 25c.
Strongest ammonia 3c per pt.
All 50c patent medicines from 28 to 38c.
Sultana seedless raisins 5c per lb.
Large cans choice peaches for 10c.
2 1/2 lb can baked beans for 10c.
8 lbs clean broken rice for 25c.
2 packages any yeast for 5c.
A first-class lantern for 29c.
Tr. arnica 30c per pint.
All pills and plasters from 12c to 18c.
Good N. O. molasses 16c per gal.
Pure epsom salts 2c per lb.
Boston Baking Powder 20c per lb. All ways guaranteed.
Try our tea dust, 8c per lb.
Rich cream cheese 12c per lb.
Castor machine oil 25c per gal.
Sliced pineapple 15c per can.
25 boxes of matches for 25c.
Good sugar syrup 18c per gal.
We can sell you brooms cheaper than any other store in Chelsea.

A choice lot of herring 12c per box.
All dollar patent medicines 58 to 75c.
Best family white fish 43c for 8lb pail.
5 cans corn for 25c.
6 doz clothespins for 5c.
34 lbs brown sugar for \$1.
50 lbs best sulphur for \$1.
Banner tobacco 15c per lb.
10 cakes laundry soap for 25c.
We handle only the purest spices that can be bought.
Choice fresh lemons 20c per doz.
Codfish in strips 8c per lb.
16 oz plug of tobacco for 20c.
6 cans sardines for 25c.
3 cakes toilet soap for 10c.
4 lbs fresh California prunes for 25c.
27oz bottle of best olives for 25c.
Large bottles best catsup for 15c.
Standard tomatoes only 7c per can.
No. 1 lamp chimneys 3c each.
Try Kirkoline for washing. Best and cheapest.

F. P. GLAZIER & CO.

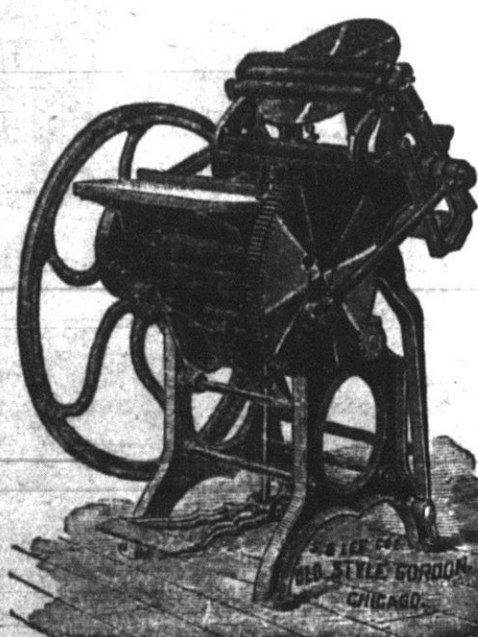
WHAT YOUR THUMB TELLS

The thumb is an unfailing index of character. The Square Type indicates a strong will, great energy and firmness. Closely allied is the Spindled Type, the thumb of those of advanced ideas and business ability. Both of these types belong to the busy man or woman; and Demorest's Family Magazine prepares especially for such persons a whole volume of new ideas, condensed in a small space, so that the record of the whole world's work for a month may be read in half an hour. The Conical Type indicates refinement, culture, and a love of music, poetry, and fiction. A person with this type of thumb will thoroughly enjoy the literary attractions of Demorest's Magazine. The Artistic Type indicates a love of beauty and art, which will find rare pleasure in the magnificent oil-pictures of roses, 16 1/2 x 24 inches, reproduced from the original painting by De Longpre, the most celebrated of living flower-painters, which will be given to every subscriber to Demorest's Magazine for 1905. The cost of this superb work of art was \$350.00; and the reproduction cannot be distinguished from the original. Besides this, an exquisite oil or water-color picture is published in each number of the Magazine, and the articles are so profusely and superbly illustrated that the Magazine is, in reality, a portfolio of art works of the highest order. The Philosophic Type is the thumb of the thinker and inventor of ideas, who is deeply interested in those developed monthly in Demorest's Magazine, in every one of its numerous departments, which cover the entire artistic and scientific field, chronicling every fact, fancy, and fad of the day. Demorest's is simply a perfect Family Magazine, and was long ago crowned Queen of the Monthlies. Send in your subscription; it will cost only \$5.00, and you will have a dozen Magazines in one. Address W. JENNINGS DEMOREST, Publisher, 15 East 34th Street, New York. Though not a fashion magazine, its perfect fashion pages, and its articles on family and domestic matters, will be of superlative interest to those possessing the Feminine Type of Thumb, which indicates in its small size, slenderness, soft nail, and smooth, rounded tip, those traits which belong essentially to the gentler sex, every one of whom should subscribe to Demorest's Magazine. If you are unacquainted with its merits, send for a specimen copy (free), and you will admit that seeing these THUMBES has put on in the way of saving money by finding in one magazine everything to satisfy the literary wants of the whole family.

PATENTS

Claims and Re-issues secured. Trade marks registered, and all other patent causes in the Patent Office and before the Courts promptly and carefully prosecuted. Upon receipt of sketch or model of invention, we make a full examination, and advise as to patentability free of charge. If it is of value, we will direct you to the Patent Office, and we will make every effort to secure a patent for you. We have a long established reputation for making prompt preliminary searches for the most vigorous and successful prosecution of applications for patent, and for attending to all business entrusted to my care. In the shortest possible time. Rejected cases a specialty. Free monthly and exclusive attention given to patent business. Book of information and advice, and special references sent without charge upon request. J. B. LITTELL, Solicitor and Attorney in Patent Causes, 100 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y. Opposite U. S. Patent Office.

For Fine Job Printing



Try The Standard

DOMESTIC STRATEGY.

Prospective Dialogue of the Times When the New Woman Will Be Supreme. When the Emancipated Woman came down to breakfast she found a most delicious meal awaiting her. Her husband's biscuits had never been lighter or flakier. The coffee had never been so fragrant in aroma, so delicious to the taste. The beefsteak was broiled just as she liked it, and it was tender as the affection of her own tender and loving husband.

"Ah!" she said as she laid aside her napkin and prepared to leave the table, "a breakfast like this fortifies one for the day's duties. Now a sweet good-by kiss from my dear husband and I am gone."

He put his arms about her neck and looked up into her face as she kissed him, and then he cooed:

"My beloved, I just adore you! O, why do you have to go to the horrid office? Why can't you stay here at home with me where I can look upon your sweet face and feel your kisses upon my lips?"

The Emancipated Woman smiled an indulgent smile as she replied:

"That would be very nice, but life is something more than hugs and kisses, you know. I must go and perform my part in the great world of business, while my dear little husband, in his sheltered home nest, attends to his domestic duties."

"And you will think of me while you are down-town?" he asked.

"Certainly I shall," she replied.

"Dearest," he said.

"I am in such need of a new pair of trousers, dear. If you could spare me \$5 or \$6 this morning, I—"

"Why, certainly," she replied, taking out her purse. "Here is the money. Get yourself a real nice pair."

As the emancipated woman seized the railing of the rear platform of a passing street car and drew herself on board she said to herself:

"I thought it mighty strange if that good breakfast and all that mollicoddling didn't mean that cash was wanted for some sort of toggery or other."

As her husband put on his hat and sallied forth to do a little shopping he said to himself:

"When a man wants a little money it is much better to use a little strategy than to ask a wife bluntly for cash, as some men do."—Harper's Bazar.

MONEY MADE BY WOMEN.

Females Who Vie with Men in Outwitting Uncle Sam.

Chief Hazen, the head of the Secret Service of the treasury department, is now in Canada, whither he has gone to extradite the noted woman counterfeiter, Mrs. Mack. There is no doubt that she will be convicted and sent to the penitentiary for her crimes.

Mrs. Mack is not the only woman who is under the arm of the law for this offense, for there are at least half a dozen more who have been caught "shoving the queer" during the past twelve months. Very few women make the bogus money, and almost the only part they play, as a rule, is to pass it. The men make the stuff and the women take it out to shop with, and thus get it into circulation. But if a woman is once suspected she is easily caught, because her sphere of action is so much more limited than that of a man. Anna Kelly of San Francisco is about the only woman, except Mrs. Farrar, who makes the money herself. Her method is to imitate the coins of the country. This is done by having an alloy covered with silver, and by putting glass and a bit of copper into the composition, the weight and metallic ring of the genuine money are admirably imitated. All of the pictures of these women are in a huge case in the room of the Secret Service division. One woman so decidedly objected to having herself photographed that she was sketched while in court, and the pen-and-ink drawing is now preserved among the other photographs of the collection. As a rule, the women are rough in appearance and illiterate, and have hard countenances.

A SKELETON AND SWORD.

Found in Alton, Ill.—Are They Relics of Pere Marquette?

Some boys were playing on the site of the McNulty homestead in Alton, Ill., which has lately been graded off to conform to a new grade of Beacon street. They found a skeleton and a sword. The skeleton was found first, and it was presumed to be that of an Indian, as it is quite common to unearth such remains in this vicinity. However, when the sword was found a new phase was put on the matter. The latter is of the rapier type, and the blade is a half inch wide and of the very finest steel. The handle was inlaid with a metal which proved to be copper. The copper was inlaid to form letters, which are in Roman. On one side of the sword handle are the letters "L. I. N. B. U. R. G. O., 17," all in capitals. On the reverse side appear these letters and figures: "1 (or 1), S. S., and a little to the right the following: "C. H. V. I. Z. I. N." No explanation can be made regarding the inscriptions or their meaning. The most reasonable presumption is that the sword belonged to some member of Father Marquette's party, when they were here several hundred years ago; that this person died and was buried with his sword at the place where both skeleton and sword were found.

Very Trying.

Little Miss Mugg (assuming a weary air)—Our folks is all glad the opera season is over.
Little Miss Freckles (spitefully)—Yes, it must be real tryin' to see other folks havin' such good times.

THE MOTHER GOOSE.

How She Got Her Goosings Down from Their High Nest.

I had to make a trip from our claim on the Columbia to Spokane Falls. It was much nearer to go through the mountains on a cayuse than around by Davenport on the stage. I started quite early one morning and was riding along up the Spokane river when, as I came over a small rocky point, I noticed a very large bird soar down from a tree and carry something in its mouth. At first I thought it was an eagle, but as soon as I climbed a little higher I could see it was an old gray goose, and that it had deposited its burden in the water, where I could see several small ones swimming around.

I stopped, got off from my cayuse and watched the performance. I had waited but a few moments when one of the geese rose out of the water and flew straight to a cottonwood tree, alighted on a limb near a big nest, then took a few steps toward the nest, and reaching over into the nest took a young gosling out and sailed down to her companions. When she let the youngster touch the water it cut all kinds of capers.

She again returned to the nest and got another, which was the last.

After watching them for quite a while I mounted my cayuse and rode on. When I came into plain view of the family the old ones fluttered away and the youngsters disappeared. There were seven little ones, as near as I could count. I have watched the wood duck carry her young from a tree, but this was the only time I ever saw a goose make the transfer.

Bloomers in the Hub.

Yesterday evening a man and a woman on bicycles whizzed along Columbus avenue. The street was lively with returning clubs and straggling riders, but this pair had dashed out of a side street as though just off for a spin by moonlight. The man, who wore a sweater, lay over the handle of the machine as though in an attack of cholera morbus, while the woman had on bloomers of scanty pattern, a shirt waist and a nondescript cap. She, too, had the saddle raised, and was bent over as double as her companion, so that it was difficult to say which was which, save for the flying hair of the girl and the more slender legs of the man. The startled spectator turned to watch the twain as they passed, wondering how human being could willingly make herself as ridiculous as the woman or as conspicuous as the man and by what fatuity the female mind deemed bloomers a becoming disguise for ponderosity. But there was no gift to give us for this rotund damsel who meant to be as up to date as the law would allow, and, therefore, she and her escort speeded away in evening light, perfectly content with their scientific riding and regardless of comments.—Boston Herald.

Photographs in the Future.

Mother—What in the world shall we do? Our son cannot afford to marry, yet he is determined on it.

Father—I'll fix him. The very next night he comes in late. I'll fix that old photograph to screaming out some of your midnight talks to me.

Have You Had Your Vacation?

If you have not, you should read what Governor McKinley, Chief Dunn, Joe Jefferson, Rev. Thomas Dixon, Dr. Cyrus W. Edison and Camille d'Arville say about the best way to enjoy an outing in "The Question of Vacations from Different Standpoints," published in Demorest Family Magazine for August, and profit by their experience; and if you have already had your summer rest, you will still enjoy reading their views and comparing them with your own. Apropos to the same topic, a charmingly illustrated paper in the same number, "A Queen of the Coast," gives a most vivid description of that popular resort, Atlantic City, and to those who can't get away the illustrations and descriptive letter-press will be almost equal to a trip there. The "silent steed," the favorite one this year, is treated both humorously and practically in two profusely illustrated articles, "My First Experience with a Bicycle," which will appeal to every woman cyclist, and "Woman's Dress for Cycling," which gives excellent advice on the all-absorbing matter of dress on the wheel.

Lost—A short gold watch chain. Finder please leave at this office.

Found—A pair of spectacles. Owner can have away by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

Great Triumph.

Instant relief experienced and a permanent cure by the most speedy and greatest remedy in the world—Otto's Cure for lung and throat diseases. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough when F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. Otto's Cure is now sold in every town and village in this continent. Samples free. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

To close out every window shade in stock, we have reduced the price. Shall sell regular 25 cent shades for 12 cents while they last. H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

—OF THE—

Chelsea Savings Bank.

At Chelsea, Michigan

At the close of Business, July 11, 1895.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	\$101,553.66
Stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc.	58,094.22
Overdrafts	None
Banking house	4,200.00
Furniture and fixtures	3,981.85
Other real estate	16,379.36
Due from banks in reserve cities	43,802.21
Exchanges for clearing house	692.00
Checks and cash items	2,035.89
Nickels and cents	159.43
Gold coin	2,107.50
Silver coin	684.00
U. S. and National Bank Notes	3,761.00
Total	\$236,600.62

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund	4,546.93
Undivided profits less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	2,179.40
Commercial deposits subject to check	26,689.95
Commercial certificates of deposit	63,735.40
Savings deposits	24,033.65
Savings certificates of deposits	55,415.94
Total	\$236,600.62

State of Michigan, County of Washington, ss.

I, Geo. P. Glazier, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. J. KNAPP, Pres.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 18th day of July, 1895.

THOS. E. WOOD, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: W. P. ECHENK, F. P. GLAZIER, THOS. S. SEARS, Directors.

Total cash and exchange, \$53,441.55.
Total loans 159,447.85.
Total deposits 169,749.24.

THE PEOPLE SAY

That our work is always thoroughly washed, nicely starched and beautifully ironed.

The Reason Is

We employ skilled hands in every department and guarantee satisfaction. Work called for and delivered free of charge.

Chelsea Steam Laundry.

Good shoes cheap at Holmes Mercantile Co.

Electric telephones for private lines put up cheap and guaranteed three years. For estimates address LYNN L. GORTON, Waterloo, Mich.

If you follow the crowd on these hot days, you are sure to bring up at the ice cream soda counter at the Bank Drug Store.

What a tumble the prices on lumber have taken. The Glazier Stove Co. are in it.

Now is the time to renew your subscription to the Standard.

Bicycles. Sylph Overland and Sunols. Price 25 per cent less than other dealers. ANCHIE MERCHANT, Agent.

The Glazier Stove Co. will deliver the best Lehigh Valley Coal at your door, for \$4.90 per ton, anytime before August 1st.

Several carpets and a lounge and two heating stove must be sold. D. B. Taylor.

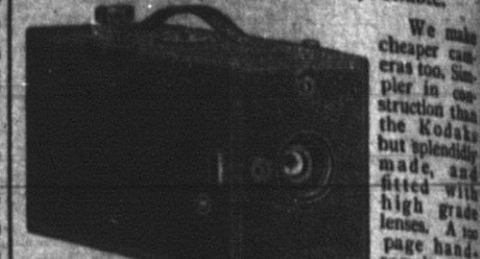
A good bed room suite several beds and set of chairs for sale at a bargain. D. B. Taylor.

The low prices The Glazier Stove Co. are making on lumber ought to stimulate building in this vicinity. Sweet pads 25c per pair. Henry Gilbert.

Kodak Quality.

Some watches sell for \$2.50. But the purchaser of a \$50.00 time piece gets more for his money than the man with the cheap watch. It's the same with cameras.

The Kodak lenses are alone worth more than some cameras which the manufacturers claim to be "as good as a Kodak." Kodaks are standard in hand camera values—because they make good pictures—because they are durable, reliable.



alone fully describes our styles and sizes of hand cameras. EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

\$1000 IN GOLD GIVEN AWAY

As Prizes for the Best Pictures Taken

On November 15th, 1895, we shall give away One Thousand Dollars in gold for the best pictures taken by the LaCrosse Camera. The prizes will be awarded as follows: \$500 in gold will be given for the best picture taken by this camera; \$100 for the second best; \$50 for the third best; \$25 for the fourth best; \$10 for the fifth best; \$5 for the sixth best; and for the next 40 best \$2 each will be given; and for the next 200 best pictures taken by the LaCrosse Camera \$1 each will be given, making in all \$1000 given away.

We shall do this for two reasons, viz: The first to introduce the LaCrosse Camera for the second, to educate the amateurs in photography. This contest closes on Nov. 15, 1895. This camera can be used by any one and is sold under a positive guarantee to do the work or money refunded.

Sent by express with full instructions and money order for \$1.75. Remember, a written guarantee goes with every camera.

Address, LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., La Crosse, Wis.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time Card, taking effect, May 19, 1895.

TRAINS EAST:
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:10 a.m.
No. 36—Atlantic Express 7:17 a.m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:35 a.m.
No. 2—Express and Mail 3:19 p.m.

TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 9:17 a.m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:30 p.m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 11:00 p.m.
O.W. ROGUE, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agent.
Wm. MARTIN, Agent.

Of Interest To Ladies.

We offer no apology in placing before you "The Ladies' Safe Protector," it is absolutely reliable, easily adjusted, does not become misplaced and insures protection. Can be worn when desired without observation or knowledge of another and prevents disagreeable annoyances under certain conditions. If you use it once you will never be without it. It is faithful, safe, and reliable friend whenever needed by special circumstances requiring its use. It is an article every woman should keep ready for immediate use. It is simple to use, and inspires confidence to the woman using it. It is reliable and scientifically made, insures protection without injury to health, as any good physician would say. We are of the opinion that no article has ever been made which will give as much satisfaction to the woman of to-day as "The Ladies' Safe Protector." The immense sales of this article is a substantial endorsement of our claim. Do not therefore experiment with any of the numerous unreliable articles, as it is both dangerous to health and expensive to do so. Such experimenting can only result in loss of time, disappointment and dismal failure. Ladies should remember this before ordering other goods and not waste their time and money on inferior articles. The best is always the cheapest. "The Ladies' Safe Protector" is sold under a positive guarantee for use for one year, with full directions and is sent sealed in plain wrapper upon receipt of express money order for \$2.00, three for \$5.00. Do not wait but order at once. Address The LaCrosse Specialty Co., La Crosse, Wis.

FOR YOUR OUTING TO MICHIGAN MACKINAC ISLAND.

ONE THOUSAND MILES OF LAKE RIDES AT SMALL EXPENSE.

Visit this Historical Island, which is the grandest summer resort on the Great Lakes. It only costs about \$13 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland; for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate, most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, amusements, bath rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Mackinac and Detroit, and Cleveland and Pulteney Bay. The palatial equipment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, G. F. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25c per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co., Druggists.